LAKE TOWNSHIP

LOGAN COUNTY, OHIO

ZONING RESOLUTION

DECEMBER 1998

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PREAMBLE

A RESOLUTION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF LAKE, LOGAN COUNTY, OHIO ENACTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH A COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AND THE PROVISIONS OF CHAPTER 519, OHIO REVISED CODE, DIVIDING THE TOWNHSIP INTO ZONES AND DISTRICTS, ENCOURAGING, REGULATING AND RESTRICTING THEREIN THE LOCATION. CONSTRUCTION, RECONSTRUCTION, ALTERATION AND USE OF STRUCTURES AND LAND; PROMOTING THE ORDERLY DEVELOPMENT OF RESIDENTIAL, BUSINESS, INDUSTRIAL, RECREATIONAL, AND PUBLIC AREAS; PROVIDING FOR ADEQUATE LIGHT, AIR AND CONVENIENCE OF ACCESS TO PROPERTY BY REGULATING THE USE OF LAND AND BUILDINGS AND THE BULK OF STRUCTURES IN RELATIONSHIP TO SURROUNDING PROPERTIES: LIMITING CONGESTION IN THE PUBLIC RIGHTS OF WAY; PROVIDING THE COMPATIBILITY OF DIFFERENT LAND USES AND THE MOST APPROPRIATE US OF LAND: PROVIDING FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF THIS RESOLUTION AS PROVIDED HEREAFTER, AND PRESCRIBING PENALTIES FOR THE VIOLATION OF THE PROVISIONS IN THIS RESOLUTION OR ANY AMENDMENT THERETO. ALL FOR THE PURPOSE OF PROTECTING THE PUBLIC HEALTH, SAFETY, COMFORT AND GENERAL WELFARE; AND FOR THE REPEAL THEREOF.

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE TOWNSHIP OF LAKE, LOGAN COUNTY, OHIO

ARTICLE I TITLE, INTERPRETATION, AND ENACTMENT

Section 100 Title. This Resolution shall be known and may be cited to as the "Zoning Resolution of the Township of Lake, Logan County, Ohio."

Section 101 Use of Land or Buildings for Agricultural Purposes not Affected. The use of land or buildings for agricultural purposes are not affected by this Resolution and no zoning certificate shall be required for any such building or structure or use of land. Residential dwellings do require a permit however.

Section 110 Provisions of Resolutions Declared to be the Minimum Requirements. In their interpretation and application, the provisions of this resolution shall be held to be minimum requirements, adopted for the promotion of the public health, safety, and the general welfare. Whenever the requirements of this Resolution conflict with the requirements of any other lawfully adopted rules, regulations, ordinances, or resolutions, the most restrictive, or that imposing the higher standards shall govern.

Section 120 Separability Clause. Should any section or provision of this Resolution be declared by the courts to be unconstitutional or invalid, such decision shall not affect the validity of the Resolution as a whole, or any part thereof other than the part so declared to be unconstitutional or invalid.

Section 130 Replacement of Existing Resolution, Effective Date. The existing Resolution shall, upon adoption of this Resolution, be replaced by this Resolution and this Resolution shall have full force and effect. This Resolution shall become effective from and after the date of its approval and adoption, as provided by law.

ARTICLE II DEFINITIONS

<u>Interpretation of Terms or Words: For</u> the purpose of this Resolution, certain terms or words used herein shall be interpreted as follows;

- 1. The word "person" includes a firm, association, organization, partnership, trust, company or corporation as well as an individual.
- 2. The present tense includes the future tense, the singular number includes the plural and the plural number includes the singular.
- 3. The word "shall" is a mandatory requirement, the word "may" is a permissive requirement, and the word "should" is a preferred requirement.
- 4. The words "used" or "occupied" include the words "intended, designed, or arranged to be used or occupied."
- 5. The word "lot" includes the words "plot" or "parcel".

Accessory Use of Structure. A use or structure on the same lot with, and of a nature customarily incidental and subordinate to, the principal use or structure.

Agriculture: "Agriculture" includes farming; ranching; aquaculture; apiculture; horticulture; viticulture; animal husbandry, including, but not limited to, the care and raising of livestock, equine, and furbearing livestock; poultry husbandry and the production of poultry and poultry products; dairy production; the production of field crops, tobacco, fruits, vegetables, nursery stock, ornamental shrubs, ornamental trees, flowers, sod, or nushroo9ms, timber, pasturage; any combination of the foregoing; the processing, drying, storage, and marketing of agricultural products when those activities are conducted in conjunction with, but secondary to, such husbandry or production.

Animal Feed Lot. Means a paved animal feeding or holding area or other lot, pen, yard, or other feeding or holding area where grass or other suitable vegetative cover is not maintained.

<u>Automotive Repair.</u> The repair, rebuilding or reconditioning of motor vehicles or parts thereof, including collision services, painting and steam cleaning of vehicles.

<u>Automotive Vehicle</u>. A vehicle which is designed and manufactured to be self-propelling or self-moving upon the public highway. More specifically, as referred to in this Resolution, it includes automobiles, trucks, tractors and motorcycles.

Alley. See thoroughfare

Alterations, Structural. Any change in the supporting members of a building such as bearing walls, columns, beams, or girders.

<u>Basement.</u> A story all or partly underground but having at least one half of it's height below, Manufactured the average level of the adjoining ground.

<u>Building.</u> Any structure designed or intended for the support, enclosure, shelter, or protection of persons, animals, chattels, or property.

<u>Building</u>, <u>Accessory</u>. A subordinate building detached from, but located on the same lot as the principal building, the use of which is incidental and accessory to that of the main building or use.

Building, Height. The vertical distance measured from the average elevation of the proposed finished grade at the front of the building to the highest point of the roof for flat roofs, to the deck line of mansard roofs, and the mean height between eaves and ridge for the gable, hip and gambrel roofs. Where a building is located on sloping terrain, the height may be measured from the average ground level of the grade at the building wall.

Building Line. See setback Line.

Building Manufactured. A manufactured building has the following features or characteristics; It is (1) mass produced in a factory; (2) designed and constructed for transportation to a site with or without a chassis for installation and use when connected to required utilities; (3) either an independent, individual factory erected building or module with two or more sides erected at the factory, for combination with other elements to form a building on the site.

Building Principal. A building in which is conducted the main or principal use of the lot on which said building is situated.

Business, Convenience Type Retail. Retail businesses whose market area is the neighborhood or part of the community, which provides convenience type goods and personal service for the daily needs of the people within the residential area. Uses include but need not be limited to, drugstores, beauty salons, barber shops, carryout, dry cleaning, and laundry facilities, supermarket etc.

<u>Business</u>, <u>Drive In.</u> Any business, structure or premise which is designed primarily to serve occupants of motor vehicles without the occupants having to leave the vehicle.

Business, Service. Any profit making activity which renders primarily services to the public or to other commercial or industrial enterprises. Some retail sales may be involved in connection with the service rendered.

<u>Business</u>, <u>Shopping Type Retail</u>. A retail or service business which supplies a wide variety of comparison goods and services to consumers in a market area that includes the community or an area greater that a community. Examples of shopping type businesses are furniture stores, automobile sales and service and clothing shops.

<u>Channel.</u> A natural or artificial watercourse of perceptible extent with bed and banks and confine and conduct continuously or periodically flowing water.

Chassis. The steel undercarriage supporting framework to which a dwelling is permanently attached.

<u>Clinic.</u> A place used for the care, diagnosis and treatment of sick, ailing, infirm, or injured persons, and those who are in need of medical and surgical attention, but who are not provided with board or room or kept overnight on the premises.

<u>Club</u>. A building or portion thereof or premises owned or operated by a person for a social, literary, political, educational, fraternal or recreational purpose primarily of the exclusive use of members and their guests.

Comprehensive Development Plan. A plan or any portion thereof, adopted by the Regional Planning Commission and the Board of County commissioners showing the general location and extent of present and proposed physical facilities including housing, industrial, and commercial uses, major thoroughfares, parks, schools, and other community facilities. This plan established the goals, objectives and policies of the community.

Conditional Use. A use permitted within a district other than a principally permitted use, requiring a conditional use permit and approval of the Board of Zoning Appeals. Conditional uses permitted in each district are listed in the Official Schedule of District Regulations.

<u>Conditional Use Permit.</u> A permit issued by the Zoning Inspector upon approval by the Board of Zoning Appeals to allow a use other than a principally permitted use to be established within the district.

Corner Lot. See Lot Types.

<u>Cul-de-sac.</u> See Thoroughfare

Dead End Street. See Thoroughfare

Density. A unit of measurement; the number of dwelling units per acre of land.

- Gross Density- the number of dwelling units per acre of the total land to be developed.
- Net Density the number of dwelling units per acre of land when the acreage involved includes only the land devoted to residential uses.

<u>Dwelling</u>. Any building or structure (except a housetrailer or mobile home as defined hereafter) which is wholly or partly used or intended to be used for living or sleeping by one or more human occupants.

<u>Dwelling Unit.</u> Space, within a dwelling, comprising living, dining, sleeping room or rooms, storage closets, as well as space and equipment for cooking, bathing, and toilet facilities, all used by only one family and its household employees.

<u>Dwelling</u>, <u>Single Family</u>. A dwelling consisting of single dwelling unit only separated from other dwelling units by open space.

<u>Dwelling</u>, <u>Multi-Family</u>. A dwelling consisting of two or more dwelling units including condominiums with varying arrangements of entrances and party walls.

<u>Dwelling</u>, <u>Modular Unit</u>. A factory fabricated transportable building designed to be used by itself or to be incorporated with similar units at a building site into a modular structure. The term is intended to apply to major assemblies and does not include prefabricated panels, trusses, plumbing trees, and other prefabricated sub-elements, which are to be incorporated into a structure at the site.

<u>Dwelling</u>, <u>Sectional Unit</u>. A dwelling made of two or more modular units transported to the home site, put on a foundation, and joined to make a single dwelling.

<u>Dwelling, Mobile Home.</u> A modular unit built on a chassis, with body width exceeding 8 feet or body length exceeding 32 feet, designed to be used as a dwelling, with or without a permanent foundation, when connected to the required utilities.

<u>Double Wide or Triple Wide:</u> A mobile home consisting respectively of two or three sections combined horizontally at the site to form a single dwelling, while still retaining their individual chassis for possible future movement.

Expandable Mobile Home: A mobile home with one or more room sections that Fold, collapse, or telescope into the principal unit when being transported and which can be expanded at the site to provide additional living area.

<u>Dwelling</u>, <u>Rooming House</u> (<u>Boarding House</u>, <u>Lodging House</u>, <u>Dormitory</u>). A dwelling or part thereof, other than a hotel, motel or restaurant where meals and /or lodging are provided for compensation, for three or more unrelated persons where no cooking or dining facilities are provided in the individual rooms.

<u>Easement.</u> Authorization by a property owner for the use by another and for a specified purpose, of any designated part of his property.

Essential Services. The erection, construction, alteration or maintenance, by public utilities or municipal or other governmental agencies, or underground gas, electrical, water transmission, or distribution systems, collection, communication, supply or disposal systems or sites, including poles, wires, mains, drains, sewers, pipes, traffic signals, hydrants, or other similar equipment and accessories in connection therewith which are reasonable necessary for the furnishing of adequate service by such public utilities or municipal or other governmental agencies or for the public health or safety or general welfare, but not including buildings.

Family. One or more related persons occupying a single dwelling unit.

Farm. A farm is an area of land on which at least \$2,500 (two thousand five hundred dollars) gross sales from agriculture products were produced.

Farm Pond. A body of water smaller than a lake, located on a farm.

<u>Flood Plain.</u> That land, including the flood fringe and the floodway subject to inundation by the regional flood.

Flood, Regional. Large floods which have previously occurred or which may be expected to occur on a particular stream because of like physical characteristics.

The regional flood generally has an average frequency of the one hundred- (100) year recurrence interval flood.

<u>Floodway.</u> That portion of the flood plain, including the channel, which is reasonably required to convey the regional flood waters. Floods of less frequent recurrence are usually contained completely within the floodway.

<u>Floodway</u>, <u>Fringe</u>. That portion of the flood plain, excluding the floodway, where development may be allowed under certain restrictions.

Floor Area of a Residential Building. The sum of the gross horizontal area of the several floors of a residential building, excluding basement floor areas not devoted to residential use and attached garages, but including the area of roofed porches and roofed terraces. All dimensions shall be measured between interior faces of walls.

Floor Area of a Non-Residential Building (to be used in calculating parking requirements). The floor area of the specified use excluding stairs, washrooms, elevator shafts, maintenance shafts and rooms.

<u>Floor Area, Usable.</u> Measurement of usable floor area shall be the sum of the horizontal areas of the several floors of the building, measured from the interior faces of the exterior walls.

<u>Food Processing.</u> The preparation, storage, or processing of food products. Examples of these activities include bakeries, dairies, canneries, meat processing plants and similar activities.

Forestry. The propagation and harvesting of forest trees.

Gasoline Service Station. Buildings and premises where gasoline, oil, grease, batteries, tires, and automobile accessories may be supplied and dispensed at retail.

Home Occupation. An occupation conducted in a dwelling unit, provided that: No more than one person other than members of the family residing on the premises shall be engaged in such occupation. The use of the dwelling unit for the home occupation shall be clearly incidental and subordinate to its use for residential purposes by its occupants, and not more than thirty five (35) percent of floor area of the dwelling unit shall be used in the conduct of the home occupation. There shall be no change in the outside appearance to the building or premises, or other visible evidence of the conduct of such home occupation other than one sign, not exceeding four square feet in area, non-illuminated and mounted flat against the wall of the principal building. No traffic shall be generated by such occupation in greater volume than would normally be expected in such a residential area and any need for parking generated by the conduct of such home occupation shall meet the off street parking requirements as specified in this Resolution.

<u>Junk</u>. "Junk" means old scrap copper, brass, rope, rags, trash, waste, batteries, paper, rubber, junked, dismantled, or wrecked automobiles, or parts thereof, iron, steel, and other old or scrap ferrous or nonferrous materials.

Junk Yard. "Junk Yard" means an establishment or place of business which is maintained or operated, or any other land used, for the purpose of storing, keeping, buying, or selling junk, or for the maintenance or operation of an automobile graveyard. It shall also include scrap metal processing facilities, which are located within one thousand feet of the nearest edge of the right-of-way of a highway or street.

Kennel. Any lot or premise, on which dogs, cats or other household pets are boarded, bred or exchanged for monetary compensation.

<u>Lake</u>. A body of fresh water of considerable size, surrounded by land.

Loading, Space, Off-Street. Space logically and conveniently located for bulk pickups and deliveries, scaled to delivery vehicles expected to be used, and accessible to such vehicles when required off-street parking spaces are filled. Required off-street loading space is not to be included as off-street parking space in computation of required off- street parking space. All off-street loading spaces shall be located totally outside of any street or alley right of way.

Location Map. See Vicinity Map.

Lot. For the purposes of this Resolution a lot is a parcel of land of sufficient size to meet minimum zoning requirements for use, coverage, and area for one principal building together with its accessory building and which provides such yards and other open spaces as are herein required. Such lot shall have frontage on an improved public street, or on an approved private street, and may consist of:

- 1. A single lot of record;
- 2. A portion of a lot of record;
- 3. A combination of complete lots of records, of complete lots of record and portions of lots of record, or portions of lots of record.

<u>Lot Coverage</u>. The ratio of enclosed ground floor area of all buildings on a lot to the horizontally projected area of the lot, expressed as a percentage.

Lot Frontage. The front of a lot shall be the portion at the steer or road right-of-way line. For the purpose of determining yard requirements on corner lots and through lots, all sides of a lot adjacent to street or read right-of-way lines shall be considered frontage, and yards shall be provided as indicated under "Yard" in this section. (Also see Lot Measurement, Width)

Lot Measurements. A lot shall be measured as follows:

- 1. <u>Depth.</u> The distance between the mid-points of straight lines connecting the foremost points of the side lot lines in front and rearmost points of the side lot lines in the rear. No lot shall have an average depth, which is more than three (3) times, its average width.
- 2. <u>Width.</u> The distance between straight lines connecting front and rear lot lines at each side of the lot, measured at the street or read right-of way line except on cul-de-sac streets where it is measured at the setback line. (Also, see <u>Lot Frontage</u>)

<u>Lot of Record.</u> A lot which is part of a subdivision recorded in the office of the county Recorder, or a lot or parcel described by metes and bounds, the description of which has been so recorded.

<u>Lot Types.</u> Terminology used in this Resolution with reference to corner lots, interior lots and through lots is as follows:

- 1. Corner Lot. A lot located at the intersection of two or more streets. A lot abutting on a curved street or streets shall be considered a corner lot if straight lines drawn from the foremost points of the side lot lines to the foremost point of the lot meet at an interior angle of less than one hundred thirty five (135) degrees.
- 2. Interior Lot. A lot with only one frontage on a street.
- 3. Through Lot. A lot other than a corner lot with frontage on more than one street. Through lots abutting two streets may be referred to as double frontage lots.
- 4. Reversed Frontage Lot. A lot on which frontage is at right angles to the general pattern in the area. A reversed frontage lot may also be a corner lot.

Major Thoroughfare Plan. The portion of the Comprehensive Plan adopted by the Board of County commissioners indicating the general location recommended for arterial, collector, and local thoroughfares within the appropriate jurisdiction.

Manufacturing, Heavy. Manufacturing, processing, assembling, storing, testing and similar industrial uses which are generally major operations and extensive in character; require large sites, open storage and service areas, extensive services and facilities, ready access to regional transportation; and normally generate some nuisances such as smoke, noise, dust, glare, air pollution, odor, but not beyond the district boundary to any large extent.

Manufacturing, Light. Manufacturing or other industrial uses, which are usually, controlled operations; relatively clean, quiet, and free of objectionable or hazardous elements such as smoke, noise, odor, or dust; operating and storing within enclosed structures; and generating little industrial traffic and no major nuisances.

Mining, Commercial Quarries, Sand, and Gravel Pits. Any mining, quarrying or processing of limestone, clay, sand and gravel or other mineral resources. Also referred to as mineral extraction.

Manufactured Home Park. Any site or tract of land under single ownership, upon which three (3) or more manufactured homes used for habitation are parked, either free of charge or for revenue purposes, including any roadway, as a part of the facilities of the park.

Motor Vehicle Salvage Facility. Motor Vehicle Salvage Facility means establishment of place of business which is maintained, used, or operated for buying or selling wrecked, scrapped, ruined, or dismantled motor vehicles or motor vehicle parts.

Non-Conformities. A building, structure or use of land existing at the time of enactment of this Resolution and which does not conform to the regulations of the district or zone in which it is situated.

<u>Nursery</u>, <u>Nursing Home</u>. A home or facility for the care and treatment of babies, children, pensioners or elderly people.

Nursery, Tree and Plant. A place where young trees or other plants are raised for transplanting and/or for sale.

Offices. Quasi-commercial uses which may often be transitional between retail business and/or manufacturing and residential uses. Office business generally accommodates such occupations as administrative, executive, professional, accounting, clerical, drafting, etc. Institutional offices of a charitable, philanthropic, financial or religious or educational nature are also included in this classification.

Open Space. An area substantially open to the sky which may be on the same lot with a building. The area may include, along with the natural environmental features, water areas, swimming pools and tennis courts, and other recreational facilities that the zoning commission deems permissive. Streets, parking areas, structures for habitation, and the like shall not be included.

Orchards. An area of land devoted to the cultivation and sale of fruit trees and the sale of fruit therefrom.

<u>Parking Space</u>, <u>Off-Street</u>. For the purpose of this Resolution an off-street parking space shall consist of an area adequate for parking an automobile with room for opening doors on both sides, together with properly related access to a public street or alley and maneuvering room, but shall be located totally outside of any street or alley right-of-way.

<u>Performance Bond or Surety Bond.</u> An agreement by a subdivider or developer with the Board of county commissioners for the amount of the estimated construction cost guaranteeing the completion of physical improvements according to plans and specifications within the time prescribed by the subdividers's agreement.

<u>Personal Services.</u> Any enterprises conducted for gain which primarily offers services to the general public such as shoe repair, watch repair, barber ships, florists, beauty parlors and similar activities.

<u>Printing and Publishing.</u> Any business which is engaged in the printing and/or publishing of newspapers, magazines, brochures, business cards and similar activities either for profit or non-profit.

<u>Public Service Facility.</u> The erection, construction, alteration, operation, or maintenance of buildings, power plants or substations, water treatment plants or pumping stations, sewage disposal or pumping plants and other similar public service structures by a public utility, by a railroad, whether publicly or privately owned, or by a governmental agency, including the furnishing of electrical, gas, rail transport, communication; public or private water and sewage service and sanitary landfills.

<u>Public Uses.</u> Public parks, schools, administrative and cultural buildings and structures, not including public land or buildings devoted solely to the storage and maintenance of equipment and materials and public service facilities.

<u>Public Way.</u> An alley, bridge, channel, ditch, easement, expressway, freeway, highway, land, road, sidewalk, street walk, bicycle path; or other ways in which the general public or a public entity have a right, or which are dedicated, whether improved or not.

<u>Quasi-Public Use.</u> Churches, and other facilities of an educational, religious, charitable, philanthropic, or not profit nature

<u>Recreation, Commercial</u>. Any business, which is operated as a recreational enterprise, either publicly or privately, owned, for profit. Examples include, but are not limited to golf courses, bowling alleys, swimming pools, tourist attractions, etc.

<u>Recreation, Non-Commercial.</u> Any business, which is operated as a recreational enterprise, either publicly or privately, owned, for non-profit. Examples include, but are not limited to: fishing areas, parks, archery ranges, ballparks, etc.

<u>Recreational Vehicle.</u> A vehicular type unit primarily designed as temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use, which either has its own motive power or is mounted on or drawn by another vehicle. The basic entities are: travel trailer, camping trailer, truck camper, and motor home

<u>Recreational Vehicle Park.</u> A parcel of land upon which two or more recreational vehicle sites are located, established, or maintained for occupancy by recreational vehicles of the general public as temporary living quarters for recreation or vacation purposes.

<u>Recreational Vehicle Site.</u> A plot of ground within a recreational vehicle park intended for the accommodation of either a recreational vehicle, tent, or other individual camping unit on a temporary basis.

<u>Right of Way.</u> A strip of land taken or dedicated for use as a public way. In addition to the roadway, it normally incorporates the curbs, lawn strips, sidewalks, lighting, and drainage facilities, and may include special features required by the topography or treatment (such as grade separation, landscaped areas, viaducts, and bridges.)

Salvage Motor Vehicle. Means any motor vehicle, which is in a wrecked, dismantled, or worn out condition, or unfit for operating as a motor vehicle.

Sanitary Landfill. Means a land disposal site employing a method of disposing of solid wastes on land in a manner intended to minimize environmental hazards by spreading the solid wastes in thin layers, compacting the solid wastes to the smallest practical volume, and applying and compacting cover material daily.

<u>Seat.</u> For purposes of determining the number of off-street parking spaces for certain uses, the number of seats is the number of seating units installed or indicated, or each twenty four (24) lineal inches of benches, pews, or space for loose chairs

<u>Service Station.</u> Any building, structure, or land used for the dispensing and sale at retail of any automobile fuels, oils, or accessories, including lubrication of automobiles and replacement or installation of minor parts and accessories but not including major repair work.

Setback Line. A line established by the Zoning Resolution generally parallel with and measured from the lot line, defining the limits of a yard in which no building, other than accessory building, or structure may be located above ground, except as may be provided in said code.

<u>Sewers, Central or Group.</u> An approved sewage disposal system which provides a collection network and disposal system and central sewage treatment facility for a single development, community, or region.

<u>Sewers</u>, on <u>Site</u>. A septic tank or similar installation on an individual lot which utilizes an aerobic bacteriological process or equally satisfactory process or the elimination of sewage and provides for the proper and safe disposal of the effluent, subject to the approval of health and sanitation officials having jurisdiction.

<u>Sidewalk.</u> That portion of the road right of way outside the roadway, which is improved for the use of pedestrian traffic.

<u>Sign.</u> Any device designated to inform or attract the attention of persons not on the premises on which the sign is located.

- 1. <u>Sign on Premises.</u> Any sign related to a business or profession conducted, or a commodity or service sold or offered upon the premises where such sign is located.
- 2. Sign off Premises. Any sign unrelated to a business or profession conducted or to a commodity or service sold or offered upon the premises where such sign is located.
- 3. Sign, Illuminated. Any sign illuminated by electricity, gas, or other artificial light including reflecting or phosphorescent light.
- 4. Sign, Lighting Device. Any light, string of lights or group of lights located or arranged so as to cast illumination on a sign.
- 5. Sign, Ground. Any display sign supported by uprights or braces in or upon the ground.
- 6. <u>Sign. Marquee.</u> Any display sign attached to or hung from a marquee, canopy or other covered structure projecting from and supported by the building and extending beyond the building wall, building line or street lot line.
- 7. Sign. Pole. Any sign which is erected on a pole or poles, which is wholly or partially independent of any building for support.

- 8. <u>Sign, Projecting.</u> Any display sign, which is attached directly to the building, or wall and which extends more than fifteen inches from the face of the wall.
- 9. Sign, Roof. Any display sign which is erected, constructed and maintained above the roof of the building.
- 10. <u>Sign, Temporary</u>. Any display sign, banner or other advertising device constructed on cloth, canvas, fabric or other light temporary material, with or without a structural frame, intended for a limited period of display, including decorative displays for holidays or public demonstrations.
- 11. Sign, Wall. Any display sign which is painted on or attached directly to the building wall and which extends not more than 15 inches from the face of the wall.

Solid Wastes. All unwanted residual solid or semisolid material as results from industrial, commercial, agricultural, and community operations, excluding earth or material from construction, mining or demolition operations, and slag and other substances which are not harmful or inimical to public health, and includes but is not limited to: garbage, combustible and non-combustible material, street dirt and debris.

For purposes of this definition, "material from demolition operators" are those items affixed to the structure being constructed or demolished, such as brick, stone, glass, wallboard, framing and finishing lumber, roofing materials, plumbing, plumbing fixtures, wiring and insulation material.

<u>Stick Built.</u> A way of describing any structure built from boards of lumber and other building materials, in which a substantial amount of the required material and construction labor are brought together in final form at the foundation sight.

Storage Facility. A structure which is partially open or fully enclosed in which animals, chattels, or property are stored or kept.

Story. That part of a building between the surface of a floor and the ceiling immediately above.

<u>Structure</u>. Anything constructed or erected, the use of which, requires location on the ground or attachment to something having a fixed location on the ground. Among other things, structures include buildings, mobile homes, walls, fences and billboards.

<u>Supply Yards.</u> A commercial establishment storing and offering for sale building supplies, steel supplies, coal, heavy equipment, feed and grain and similar goods.

Swimming Pool. A pool, pond, lake, or open tank containing at least 1.5 feet of water at any point and maintained by the owner or manger. Farm ponds are exempt from this definition.

- 1. <u>Private.</u> Exclusively used without paying an additional charge for admission by The residents and guests of a single household, a multifamily development, or a community, the members and guests of a club, or the patrons of a motel or hotel; and accessory use.
- 2. Community. Operated with a charge for admission; a primary use.

<u>Telecommunication Tower:</u> Any structure with radio frequency transmission or reception equipment attached that is free standing or is to be connected to a building or other structure. A telecommunication tower shall meet all of the following conditions:

- 1. It is constructed on or after October 31, 1996;
- 2. It is owned or principally used by a public utility engaged in the provision of telecommunication services:
- 3. It is a free standing structure or is attached to another building or structure and is higher than the maximum allowable height permitted in the zoning district in which it is located.

Thoroughfare, Street, or Road. The full width between property lines bounding every public way or whatever nature with a part thereof to be used for vehicular traffic and designated as follows:

- 1. Alley. A minor street used primarily for vehicular service access to the back or side of properties abutting on another street.
- 2. <u>Arterial Street.</u> A general term denoting a highway primarily for through traffic, carrying heavy loads and large volume of traffic, usually on a continuous route.
- 3. Collector Street. A thoroughfare, whether within a residential industrial, commercial or other type of development, which primarily carries traffic from local streets to arterial streets, including the principal entrance and circulation routes within residential subdivisions.
- 4. <u>Cul-de-Sac.</u> A local street of relatively short length with one end open to traffic and the other end terminating in a vehicular turnaround.
- 5. <u>Dead-end Street.</u> A street temporarily having only one (1) outlet for vehicular traffic and intended to be extended or continued in the future.
- 6. <u>Local Street.</u> A street primarily for providing access to residential or other abutting property.
- 7. Loop Street. A type of local street, each end of which terminates at an intersection, with the same arterial or collector street, and whose principal radius points of the one hundred and eighty (180) degree system of turns are not more than one thousand (1000) feet from said arterial or collector street, nor normally more than six hundred (600) feet from each other.
- 8. <u>Marginal Access Street.</u> A local or collector street, parallel and adjacent to an arterial or collector street, providing access to abutting properties and protection from arterial or collector streets. (Also called Frontage Street)

Through Lot. See lot types.

<u>Toxic Or Hazardous Material.</u> Any substance or mixture by physical characteristic such as flammability, corrositivity, toxicity, reactivity, or infectious characteristics as to pose, a significant or potential hazard to water supplies or human health if such substances were discharged to land or waters of the community or township.

<u>Transient Lodgings.</u> A building in which lodging or boarding and lodging are provided and offered to the public for compensation. As such it is open to the public in contradistinction to a boarding house, rooming house, lodging house, or dormitory which is herein separately defined. Examples include: hotel, motel and apartment hotel

<u>Transport Terminals.</u> Any business, structure or premise which primarily receives or distributes goods.

<u>Transportation</u>, <u>Director of</u>. The director of the Ohio Department of Transportation.

<u>Use.</u> The specific purposes, for which land or a building is designated, arranged, intended, or for which it is or may be occupied or maintained.

<u>Variance</u>. A variance is a modification of the strict terms of the relevant regulations where such modification will not be contrary to the public interest and where owing to conditions peculiar to the property and not the result to the action of the applicant, a literal enforcement of the regulations would result tin unnecessary and undue hardship.

<u>Veterinary Animal Hospital or Clinic.</u> A place used for the care, grooming, diagnosis, and treatment of sick, ailing, infirm, or injured animals, and those who are in need of medical or surgical attention, and may include overnight accommodations on the premises for the treatment, observation and or recuperation. It may also include boarding that is incidental to the primary activity.

<u>Vicinity Map.</u> A drawing located on the plat which sets forth by dimensions or other means, the relationship of the proposed subdivision or use to other nearby developments or landmarks and community facilities and services within the general area in order to better locate and orient the area in question.

<u>Walkway.</u> A public way, four (4) feet or more in width, for pedestrian use only, whether along the side of a road or not.

Wholesale and Warehousing. Business establishments that generally store and sell commodities in large quantities or by the piece to retailers, jobbers, other wholesale establishments, or manufacturing establishments. These commodities are basically for further resale for use in the fabrication of a product, or for use by a business service.

Yard. A required open space other than a court unoccupied and unobstructed by any structure or portion of a structure from three (3) feet above the general ground level of the graded lot upward; provided accessories, ornaments, and furniture may be permitted in any yard, subject to height limitations and requirements limiting obstruction of visibility.

- 1. Yard, Front. A yard extending between side lot lines across the front of a lot and from the front lot line to the front of the principal building.
- 2. Yard, Rear. A yard extending between side lot lines across the rear of a lot and from the rear lot line to the rear of the principle building.
- 3. Yard, Side. A yard extending from the principal building to the side lot line on

both sides of the principal building between the lines establishing the front and rear yards.

Zoning Certificate. A document issued by the Zoning Inspector authorizing the occupancy or use of a building or structure or the actual use of lots or land in accordance with the previously issued Zoning Permit.

Zoning Permit. A document issued by the zoning inspector authorizing the use of lots, structures, uses of land and structures, and the characteristics of the uses.

ARTICLE III ENFORCEMENT

Section 300 Zoning Permits Required. No building, or other structure, shall be erected, moved, added to, structurally altered, nor shall any building, structure or land be established or changed in use without a permit therefor, issued by the Zoning Inspector. Zoning permits shall be issued only in conformity with the provisions of this Resolution unless the Zoning Inspector receives a written order from the Board of Zoning Appeals deciding an appeal, conditional use, or variance as provided by this Resolution.

Section 301 Contents of Application for Zoning Permit. The application for zoning permit shall be signed by the owner or applicant attesting to the truth and exactness of all information supplied on the application. Each application shall clearly state that the permit shall expire and may be revoked if work has not begun within six months or substantially completed within one and one-half (1 ½) years. At a minimum, the application shall contain the following information:

- 1. Name, address, and phone number of applicant;
- 2. Legal description of property;
- 3. Existing use;
- 4. Proposed use;
- 5. Zoning district:
- 6. Plans in duplicate drawn to scale, showing the actual dimensions and the shape of the lot to be built upon; the exact size and location of existing buildings on the lot, if any; and the location and dimensions of the proposed building(s) or alteration;
- 7. Building heights;
- 8. Number of off street parking spaces or loading berths;
- 9. Number of dwelling units;
- 10. Such other matters as may be necessary to determine conformance with, and provide for the enforcement of this Resolution.

Section 302 Approval of Zoning Permit. Within ten (10) days after the receipt of an application, the Zoning Inspector shall either approve or disapprove the application in conformance with the provisions of this Resolution. All zoning permits shall, however, be conditional upon the commencement of work within six months. One copy of the plans shall be returned to the applicant by the Zoning Inspector, after the Zoning Inspector shall have

marked, such copy either as approved or disapproved and attested to same by his signature on such copy. The Zoning Inspector shall retain one copy of plans, similarly marked. The Zoning Inspector shall issue a placard, to be posted in a conspicuous place on the property in question, attesting to the fact that the use or alteration is in conformance with the provisions of this Resolution.

Section 303 Submission to Director of Transportation. Before any zoning permit is issued affecting any land within three-hundred (300) feet of the centerline of a proposed new highway or a highway for which changes are proposed as described in the certification to local officials by the Director of Transportation, or any land within a radius of five-hundred (500) feet from the point of intersection of said centerline with any public road or highway, the Zoning Inspector shall give notice, by registered mail to the Director of Transportation, that he shall not issue a zoning permit for one-hundred twenty (120) days from the date the notice is received by the Director of Transportation. If the Director of Transportation notifies the Zoning Inspector that he shall proceed to acquire the land needed, then the Zoning Inspector shall refuse to issue the zoning permit. If the Director of Transportation notifies the Zoning Inspector that acquisition at this time is not in the public interest or upon the expiration of the one-hundred and twenty (120) day period or any extension thereof agreed upon by the Director of Transportation and the property owner, the zoning Inspector shall, if the application is in conformance with all provisions of this Resolution issue the zoning permit.

Section 304 Expiration of Zoning Permit. If the work described in any zoning permit has not begun within six months from the date of issuance thereof, said permit shall expire, it shall be revoked by the Zoning Inspector, and written notice thereof shall be given to the persons affected. If the work described in any zoning permit has not been substantially completed within one and one-half (1 ½) years of the date of issuance thereof, said permit shall expire and be revoked by the Zoning Inspector, and written notice thereof shall be given to the persons affected, together with notice that further work as described in the cancelled permit shall not proceed unless and until a new zoning permit has been obtained or extension granted. Extensions, if granted, shall be in six-month increments, not to exceed one and one-half (1 ½) years.

Section 310 Certificate of Occupancy. It shall be unlawful to use or occupy or permit the use of occupancy of any building or premises, or both, or part thereof hereafter created, erected, changed, converted, or wholly or partly altered or enlarged in its use or structure until a certificate of occupancy shall have been issued therefor by the Zoning Inspector stating that the proposed use of the building or land conforms to the requirements of this Resolution.

Section 311 Temporary Certificate of Occupancy. A temporary certificate of occupancy may be issued by the Zoning Inspector for a period not exceeding six (6) months during alterations or partial occupancy of a building pending its completion.

Section 312 Record of Zoning Permits and Certificates of Occupancy. The zoning inspector shall maintain a record of all zoning permits and certificates of occupancy and copies shall be furnished upon request to any person.

Section 320 Failure to Obtain a Zoning Permit or Certificate of Occupancy. Failure to obtain a zoning permit or certificate of occupancy shall be a violation of this Resolution and punishable under section 350 of this Resolution.

Section 330 Construction and Use to be as Provided in Applications, Plans, Permits, and Certificates. Zoning permits or certificates of occupancy issued on the basis of plans and applications approved by the Zoning Inspector authorize only the use and arrangement, or construction. Use, arrangement, or construction contrary to that authorized shall be deemed a violation of this Resolution and punishable as provided in Section 350 of this Resolution.

Section 340 Complaints Regarding Violations. Whenever a violation of this Resolution occurs, or is alleged to have occurred, any person may file a written complaint. Such complaint stating fully the causes and basis thereof shall be filed with the Zoning Inspector. The Zoning Inspector shall record properly such complaint, immediately investigate and take action thereon as provided by this Resolution.

Section 350 Penalties for Violation. Violation of the provisions of this Resolution or failure to comply with any of its requirements, including violations of conditions and safeguards established in various sections of this Resolution shall constitute a misdemeanor. Any person who violates this Resolution or fails to comply with any of its requirements shall upon conviction thereof be fined not more than one-hundred (100) dollars and in addition shall pay all costs and expenses involved in the case. Each day such violation continues after receipt of a violation notice, shall be considered a separate offense. The owner or tenant of any building, structure, premises, or part thereof, and any architect, builder, contractor, agent, or other person who commits, participates in, assists in, or maintains such violations may each be found guilty of a separate offense and suffer the penalties herein provided. Nothing herein contained shall prevent the Board of Township Trustees from taking such other lawful action as is necessary to prevent or remedy any violation.

Section 360 Schedule of Fees, Charges, and Expenses. The Board of Township Trustees shall by Resolution establish a schedule of fees, charges and expenses and a collection procedure for zoning permits, amendments, appeals, variances, conditional use permits, plan approvals, and other matters pertaining to the administration and enforcement of this Resolution requiring investigations, inspections, legal advertising, postage, and other expenses. The schedule of fees shall be posted in the office of the zoning Inspector, and may be altered or amended only by the Township Trustees. Until all applicable fees, charges, and expenses have been paid in full, no action shall be taken on any application or appeal. Schedule of Fees, Charges and Expenses shall be posted at the office of the Lake Township Trustees.

ARTICLE IV NON-CONFORMITIES

Section 400 Intent. Within the districts established by this Resolution or future amendments that may later be adopted there exists lots, uses of land, structures, and uses of structures and land in combination which were lawful before this Resolution was passed or amended, but which would be prohibited, regulated, or restricted under the terms of this Resolution or future amendments. It is the intent of this Resolution to permit these non-conformities to continue until they are removed or discontinued. It is further the intent of this Resolution that non-conformities shall not be enlarged upon, expanded or extended, nor be used as grounds for adding other structures or uses prohibited elsewhere in the same district.

Section 410 Incompatibility of Non-Conformities. Non-conformities are declared by this Resolution to be incompatible with permitted uses in the districts in which such use is located. A non-conforming use of land, or a non-conforming use of a structure and land in combination shall not be extended or enlarged after passage of this Resolution by attachment on a building or premises of additional signs intended to be seen from off the premises, or by the addition of other uses of a nature which would be generally prohibited in the district in which such use is located.

Section 420 Avoidance of Undue Hardship. To avoid undue hardship, nothing in the Resolution shall be deemed to require a change in the plans, construction, or designated use of any building on which actual construction, was lawfully begun prior to the effective date of adoption or amendment of this Resolution and upon which actual building construction has been carried on diligently. Actual construction is hereby defined to include the placing of construction materials in permanent position and fastened in a permanent manner. Where demolition or removal of en existing building has been substantially begun preparatory to rebuilding, such demolition or removal shall be deemed to be actual construction, provided that the work shall be carried out diligently.

Section 430 Single Non-Conforming Lots of Record. In any district in which single family dwellings are permitted, a single family dwelling and customary accessory buildings may be erected on any single lot of record at effective date of adoption or amendment of this Resolution notwithstanding limitations imposed by other provision of this Resolution. Such lot must be in separate ownership and not of continuous frontage with other lots in the same ownership. This provision shall apply even though such lot fails to meet the requirements for area or width, or both, that are generally applicable in the district, provided that yard dimensions and requirements other than those applying to area or width or both, of the lot shall conform to the regulations for the district in which such lot is located. Variances of requirements listed in Article 9 and 10 of this Resolution other than lot area or lot width shall be obtained only through action of the Board of Zoning Appeals as provided in Section 540 through 549. However, if at sometime a lot was created and recorded that did not meet the minimum requirements in effect at the time of creation and recording of the lot, then said lot shall not be built upon.

Section 431 Non-conforming Lots or Record in Combination. If two or more lots or a combination of lots and portions of lots with continuous frontage in single ownership are of record at the time of passage or amendment of this Resolution and if all or part of the lots with no buildings do not meet the requirements established for lot width and area, the lands involved shall be considered to be an undivided parcel for the purposes of this Resolution and no portion of said parcel shall be used or sold in a manner, which diminishes compliance with lot width and area requirements establish by this Resolution shall any division of any parcel be made which creates a lot with a width or area below the requirements stated in this Resolution.

Section 440 Non-Conforming Uses of Land. Where, at the time of adoption of this Resolution lawful uses of land exist which would not be permitted by the regulations imposed by this Resolution, the uses may be continued so long as they remain otherwise lawful, provided;

- 1. No such non-conforming uses shall be enlarged or increased, nor extended to occupy a greater area of land than was occupied at the effective date of adoption or amendment of this Resolution.
- 2. No such non-conforming uses shall be moved in whole or in part to any portion of the lot or parcel other that that occupied by such uses at the effective date of adoption or amendment of this Resolution.
- 3. If any such non-conforming uses of land are discontinued or abandoned for more than two (2) years (excepts when government action impedes access to the premises), any subsequent use of such land shall conform to the regulations specified by this Resolution for the district in which such land is located.
- 4. No additional structure not conforming to the requirements of this Resolution shall be erected in connection with such non-conforming use of land.

Section 450 Non-Conforming Structures. Where a lawful structure exists at the effective date of adoption or amendment of this Resolution that could not be built under the terms of this Resolution by reason of restrictions on area, lot coverage, height, yards, its location on the lot, bulk, or other requirements concerning the structure, such structure may be continued so long as it remains otherwise lawful, subject to the following provisions;

- 1. No such non-conforming structure may be enlarged or altered in a way which increases its non-conformity, but any structure or portion thereof may be altered to decrease its non-conformity;
- 2. Should such non-conforming structure or non-conforming portion of structure be destroyed by fire or an Act of God, it may after approval by the Board of Zoning Appeals, be reconstructed as it previously existed. All remaining debris shall be cleared away and disposed of properly within two months of the time of destruction;
- 3. Should such structure be moved for any reason for any distance whatever, it shall thereafter conform to the regulations for the district in which it is located after it is moved.

Section 460 Non-conforming Uses of Structures or of Structures and Land in Combination. If a lawful use involving individual structures, or of a structure and land in combination, exists at the effective date of adoption or amendment of this Resolution that would not be allowed in the district under the terms of this Resolution, the lawful use may be continued so long as it remains otherwise lawful, subject to the following provisions:

- 1. No existing structure devoted to a use not permitted by this Resolution in the district in which it is located shall be enlarged, extended, constructed, reconstructed, moved or structurally altered except in changing the use of the structure to a use permitted in the district in which it is located.
- 2. Any non-conforming use may be extended throughout any parts of a building which were manifestly arranged or designed for such use at the time of adoption or amendment of this Resolution; but no such use shall be extended to occupy any land outside such building;
- 3. If no structural alterations are made, any non-conforming use of a structure or and land, may, upon appeal to the Board of Zoning Appeals, be changed to another non-conforming use provided that the Board of Zoning appeals shall find that the proposed use is equally appropriate or more appropriate to the district than the existing non-conforming use. In permitting such change, the Board of Zoning Appeals may require appropriate conditions and safeguards in accord with other Provisions of this Resolution.
- 4. Any structure, or structure and land in combination, in or on which a non-conforming use is superseded by a permitted use, shall thereafter conform to the regulations for the district, and the non-conforming use may not thereafter be resumed;
- 5. When a non-conforming use of a structure, or structure and land in combination is discontinued or abandoned for more than two (2) years, (except when government action impedes access to the premises), the structure or structure and land in combination, shall not thereafter be used except in conformity with the regulations of the district in which it is located.
- 6. Where nonconforming use status applies to a structure and land combination, removal or destruction of the structure shall eliminate the non-conforming status of the land except as stated in Section 450 Paragraph 2.

Section 470 Repairs and Maintenance. On any non-conforming structure or portion of a structure containing a non-conforming use, work may be done on ordinary repairs, or on repair or replacement of non-bearing walls, fixtures, wiring, or plumbing, provided that the cubic content existing when it became non-conforming shall not be increased. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to prevent the strengthening or restoring to a safe condition of any building or part thereof declared to be unsafe by any official charged with protecting the public safety, upon order of such official.

Section 480 Uses Under Conditional Use Provisions Not Non-Conforming Uses. Any use, which is permitted as a conditional use in a district under the terms of this Resolution, shall not be deemed a non-conforming use in such district, but shall without further action be considered a conforming use.

ARTICLE V ADMINISTRATION

Section 500 Office of Zoning Inspector Created. A Zoning Inspector designated by the Board of Township Trustees shall administer and enforce this Resolution. He may be provided with the assistance of such other persons as the Trustees may direct.

Section 501 Duties of Zoning Inspector. For the purpose of this Resolution, the zoning Inspector shall have the following duties:

1. Upon finding that any of the provisions of this Resolution are being violated, he shall notify in writing the person responsible for such violation(s), ordering the action necessary to correct such violation;

- 2. Order discontinuance of any illegal uses of land, buildings, or structures;
- 3. Order removal of illegal buildings or structures or illegal additions or structural alterations:
- 4. Order discontinuance of any illegal work being done;
- 5. Take any other action authorized by this Resolution to ensure compliance with or to prevent violation(s) of this Resolution. This may include the issuance of and action on zoning and certificate of occupancy permits and such similar administrative duties as are permissible under the law.

Section 510 Proceedings of Zoning Commission. The Commission shall adopt rules necessary to the conduct of its affairs in keeping with the provisions of this Resolution. Meetings shall be held at the call of the chairperson and at such other times as the Commission may determine. All meetings shall be open to the public. The Commission shall keep minutes of its proceedings showing the vote of each member upon each question, or if absent or failing to vote, indicating such fact, and shall keep records of its examinations and other official actions all of which shall be a public record and be immediately filed in the office of the Commission.

Section 511 Zoning Commission and its Duties. A township zoning commission is hereby created, which shall consist of five (5) members to be appointed by the Board of Township Trustees each for a term of five (5) years, except the initial appointments shall be one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4) and five (5) year terms. Each member shall be a resident of the unincorporated area of the township. The Board of Township Trustees may appoint two alternate members to the zoning commission for terms to be determined by the Board of Township Trustees. An alternate member shall take the place of an absent regular member at any meeting of the zoning commission. An alternate member shall meet the same appointment criteria as a regular member. Members of the commission may be removed from office by the Trustees for cause upon written charges and after public hearing. Vacancies shall be filled by appointment by the Trustees for the unexpired term of the member affected. The commission shall have the following duties:

- 1. Initiate proposed amendments to this Resolution.
- 2. Review all proposed amendments to this Resolution in accordance with 519.12 of the Ohio Revised Code

Section 520 Board of Zoning Appeals Created. A Board of Zoning appeals is hereby created, which shall consist of five (5) members to be appointed by the Board of Township Trustees each for a term of five (5) years, except the initial appointments shall be one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), and five (5) year terms. Each member shall be a resident of the unincorporated area of the township. The Board of Township Trustees may appoint two (2) alternate members to the Board of Appeals for terms to be determined by the Board of Township Trustees. An alternate member shall take the place of an absent regular member at any meeting of the Board of Appeals. An alternate member shall meet the same appointment criteria as a regular member. Members of the Board of Appeals may be removed from office by the Trustees for cause upon written charges and after public hearing. Vacancies shall be filled by appointment by the Trustees for the unexpired term of the member affected.

Section 521 Proceedings of the Board of Zoning Appeals. The Board shall adopt rules necessary to the conduct of its affairs in keeping with the provisions of this Resolution. Meetings shall be held at the call of the chairperson and at such other times as the Board may determine. The chairperson, or in his absence the acting chairperson, may administer oaths and compel the attendance of witnesses. All meetings shall be open to the public. The board shall keep minutes of its proceedings, showing the vote of each member upon each question or if absent or failing to vote, indicating such fact and shall keep records of its examinations and other official actions, all of which shall be a public record and be immediately filed in the office of the Board.

Section 522 Duties of the Board of Zoning Appeals. In exercising its duties, the Board may, as long as such action is in conformity with the terms of this Resolution, reverse or affirm, wholly or partly, or modify the order, requirement, decision, or determination appealed from and may make such order, requirement, decision, or determination as ought to be made, and to that end shall have the power of the Zoning Inspector from whom the Appeal is taken. The concurring vote of three (3) members of the Board shall be necessary to reverse any order, requirement, decision, or determination of the Zoning Inspector to decide in favor of the applicant on any matter upon which is required to pass under this Resolution or to effect any variation in the application of this Resolution. For the purpose of this Resolution the Board has the following specific responsibilities:

- 1. To hear and decide appeals where it is alleged there is an error in any order, requirement, decision, interpretation, or determination made by the Zoning Inspector;
- 2. To authorize such variances from the terms of this Resolution as will not be contrary to the public interest, where owing to the special conditions, a literal enforcement of this Resolution will result in unnecessary hardship, and so that the spirit of this resolution shall be observed and substantial justice done:
- 3. To grant conditional use permits as specified in the Official Schedule of District Regulations and under the conditions specified in Article 9 and such additional safeguards as will uphold the intent of this Resolution.

Section 530 Duties of Zoning Inspector, Board of Zoning Appeals, Legislative Authority and Courts on Matters of Appeal. It is the intent of this Resolution that all questions of interpretation and enforcement shall be first presented to the Zoning Inspector, and that such

questions shall be presented to the Board only on appeal from the decision of the Zoning Inspector, and that recourse from the decision of the Board shall be to the courts as provided by law. It is further the intent of this Resolution that the duties of the Township Trustees in connection with this Resolution shall not include hearing and deciding questions of interpretation and enforcement that may arise. The procedure for deciding such questions shall be as stated in this section and this Resolution. Under this Resolution the Township Trustees shall have only the duties of considering and adopting or rejecting proposed amendments or the repeal of this Resolution as provided by law; and of establishing a schedule of fees and charges as stated in Section 360 of this Resolution. Nothing in this Resolution shall be interpreted to prevent any official of the Township from appealing a decision of the Board to the courts

as provided in the Ohio Revised Code. Any such appeal shall be made within ten (10) days of the Board's written decision.

Section 540 Procedure and Requirements for Appeals and Variances. Appeals and variances shall conform to the procedures and requirements of Sections 541-549, inclusive, of this Resolution. As specified in Section 522, the Board of Zoning appeals has appellate jurisdiction relative to appeals and variances.

Section 541 Appeals. Appeals to the Board of Zoning Appeals concerning interpretation or administration of this Resolution may be taken by any person aggrieved or by any officer or bureau of the legislative authority of the township affected by any decision of the Zoning Inspector. Such appeal shall be taken within (20) twenty days after the decision by filing, with the Zoning Inspector and with the Board of Zoning appeals, a notice of appeal specifying the grounds upon which the appeal is being taken. The Zoning Inspector shall transmit to the Board of Zoning appeals all the papers constituting the record upon which the action appealed from was taken.

Section 542 Stay of Proceedings. An appeal stays all proceedings in furtherance of the action appealed from, unless the Zoning Inspector from whom the appeal is taken certifies to the Board of Zoning Appeals after the notice of appeal is filed with him that by reason of facts stated in the application, a stay would in his opinion, cause imminent peril to life and property. In such case, proceedings shall not be stayed other than by a restraining order which may be granted by the Board of Zoning Appeals or by a court of record on application, on notice to the Zoning Inspector from whom the appeal is taken on due cause shown.

Section 543 Variances. The Board of Zoning Appeals may authorize upon appeal in specific cases such variance from the terms of this Resolution as will not be contrary to the public interest where, owing to special conditions, a literal enforcement of the provisions of this Resolution would result in unnecessary hardship. No non-conforming use of neighboring lands, structures, or buildings in the same district and no permitted or non-conforming use of lands, structures or buildings in other districts shall be considered grounds for issuance of a variance. Variances shall not be granted on the grounds of convenience or profit, but only where strict application of the provisions of this Resolution would result in unnecessary hardship.

Section 544 Application and Standards for Variances. A variance from the terms of this Resolution shall not be granted by the Board of Zoning Appeals unless and until a written application for a variance is submitted to the Zoning Inspector and the Board of Zoning Appeals containing:

- 1. Name, address and phone number of applicants;
- 2. Legal description of property;
- 3. Description or nature of variance requested;
- 4. A narrative statement demonstrating that the requested variance conforms to the following standards:
 - a. that special conditions and circumstances exist which are peculiar to the land, structure or building involved and which are not applicable to other lands, structures, or buildings in the same district;
 - b. That a literal interpretation of the provisions of this Resolution would deprive the applicant of rights commonly enjoyed by other properties in the same district under the terms of this Resolution;
 - c. That special conditions and circumstances do not result form the actions of the applicant;
 - d. That granting the variance requested will not confer on the applicant any special privilege that is denied by this Resolution to other lands, structures, or buildings in the same district.

A variance shall not be granted unless the Board makes specific findings of fact based directly on the particular evidence presented to it, which support conclusions that the standards and conditions imposed by subsection 4 of this section have been met by the applicant.

Section 545 Supplementary conditions and Safeguards. Under no circumstances shall the Board of Zoning Appeals grant an appeal or variance to allow a use not permissible under the terms of this Resolution in the District involved, or any use expressly or implication prohibited by the terms of this Resolution in said district. In granting any appeal or variance, the Board of Zoning appeals may prescribe appropriate conditions and safeguards in conformity with this Resolution. Violation of such conditions and safeguards, when make a part of the terms under which the appeal or variance is granted, shall be deemed a violation of this resolution and punishable under Section 350 of this Resolution.

Section 546 Public Hearing by the Board of Zoning Appeals. The Board of Zoning Appeals shall hold a public hearing within twenty (2) days after the receipt of an application for an appeal or variance form he Zoning Inspector or an applicant.

Section 547 Notice of Public Hearing in Newspaper. Before holding the public hearing required in Section 546, notice of such hearing shall be given in one newspaper of general circulation in the Township at least ten (10) days before the date of said hearing. The notice shall set forth the time and place of the public hearing, and the nature of the proposed appeal or variance.

<u>Section 548 Notice to Parties in Interest.</u> Before holding the public hearing required in Section 546, written notice of such hearing shall be mailed by the chairperson of the Board of

Zoning Appeals, by first class mail, at least ten (10) days before the day of the hearing to all parties in interest. Parties of interest shall include, but not be limited to, property owners contiguous to and directly across the road (street) from the property concerned. The notice shall contain the same information as required of notices published in newspapers as specified in Section 547.

Section 549 Action by Board of Zoning Appeals. Within thirty (30) days after the public hearing required in section 547, the Board of Zoning Appeals shall either approve, approve with supplementary conditions as specified in section 545, or disapprove the request for appeal or variance. The Board of Zoning appeals shall further make a finding that the reasons set forth in the application justify the granting of the variance that will make possible a reasonable use of the land, building, or structure. Appeals from Board decisions shall be made in the manner specified in Section 530.

Section 560 Procedure and Requirements for Approval of conditional Use Permits. Conditional uses shall conform to the procedures and requirements of Section 561-568, inclusive of this Resolution.

Section 561 General. It is recognized that an increasing number of new kinds of uses are appearing daily, and that many of these and some other more conventional uses posses characteristics of such unique and special nature relative to location, design, size, method of operation, circulation, and public facilities that each specific use must be considered individually. These specific uses as they are conditionally permitted under the provision of Article 9, shall follow the procedures and requirements set forth in Section 562-568, inclusive.

Section 562 Contents of Application for Conditional Use Permit. An application for conditional use permit shall be filed with the Chairperson of the Board of Zoning appeals by at least one owner or lessee of property for which such conditional use is proposed. At a minimum, the application shall contain the following information;

- 1. Name, address, and phone number of applicant;
- 2. Legal description of property;
- 3. Description of existing use;
- 4. Zoning district;
- 5. Description of proposed conditional use;
- 6. A plan of proposed site for the conditional use showing the location of all buildings, parking and loading area, traffic access and traffic circulation, open spaces, landscaping, refuse and service areas, utilities, signs, yards, and such other information as the Board may require to determine if the proposed conditional use meets the intent and requirements of this Resolution.
- 7. A narrative statement evaluating the effect of such elements as noise, odor and fumes and on adjoining property; a discussion of the general compatibility with adjacent and other properties in the district; and the relationship of the proposed use to the Comprehensive Plan;

Section 563 General Standards Applicable to all Conditional Uses. The Board shall review the particular facts and circumstances of each proposed use in terms of the following standards and shall find adequate evidence showing that such use at the proposed location:

- 1. Is in fact a conditional use as established under the provisions of Article 9 and appears on the Official Schedule of district Regulations adopted by Section 910 for the zoning district involved;
- 2. Will be designed, constructed, operated, and maintained so as to be harmonious and appropriate in appearance with the existing or intended character of the general vicinity and that such use will not change the essential character of the same area;
- 3. Will not be hazardous or disturbing to existing or future neighboring uses;
- 4. Will be served adequately by essential public facilities and services such as highways, streets, police and fire protection, drainage structures, refuse disposal, water and sewer, and school; or that the persons or agencies responsible for the establishment of the proposed use shall be able to provide adequately any such services;
- 5. Will not create excessive additional requirements at public cost for public facilities and services and will not be detrimental to the economic welfare of the community.
- 6. Will not involve uses, activities, processes, materials, equipment and conditions of operation that will be detrimental to property, or the general welfare by reason of excessive production of traffic, noise, smoke, fumes or odors;
- 7. Will have vehicular approaches to the property, which shall be so, designed as not to create an interference with traffic on surrounding public thoroughfares.

Section 565 Supplementary Conditions and Safeguards. In granting any conditional use, the Board may prescribe appropriate conditions and safeguards in conformity with this Resolution. Violations of such conditions and safeguards, when made a part of the terms under which the conditional use is granted, shall be deemed a violation of this Resolution and punishable under Section 350 of this Resolution.

Section 566 Procedure for Hearing, Notice. Upon receipt of the application for a conditional use permit specified in Section 5623, the Board shall hold a public hearing, publish notice in a newspaper and give written notice to all parties in interest according to the procedures specified in Section 545 through 548.

Section 567 Action by the Board of Zoning Appeals. Within thirty (3) days after the public hearing required in Section 566, the board shall either approve, approve with supplementary conditions as specified in Section 565, or disapprove the application as presented. If the application is approved or approved with modifications, the Board shall direct the Zoning Inspector to issue a conditional us permit listing the specific conditions specified by the Board for approval. If the applications is disapproved by the Board, the applicant may seek relief through the court of common Pleas. Appeals from Board decisions shall be made in the manner specified in Section 530.

<u>Section 568 Expiration of Conditional Use Permit.</u> A conditional use permit shall be deemed to authorize only one particular conditional use and said permit shall automatically expire if, for any reason, the conditional use shall cease for more than two years.

ARTICLE VI AMENDMENT

Section 600 Procedure for Amendment or District changes. This Resolution may be amended utilizing the procedures specified in Section 601-611, inclusive to this Resolution.

<u>Section 601 General.</u> Whenever the public necessity, convenience, general welfare, or good zoning practices require, the Board of Township Trustees may by Resolution, after receipt of recommendation thereon from the Zoning commission, and subject to procedures provided by law, amend, supplement, change or repeal the regulations, restrictions, and boundaries or classifications of property.

Section 602 Initiation of Zoning Amendments. Amendments to this Resolution may be initiated in one of the following ways:

- 1. By adoption of a motion by the Zoning Commission;
- 2. By adoption of a resolution by the Township Trustees;
- 3. By the filing of an application by a least one (1) owner or lessee of property within the area proposed to be changed or affected by said amendment.

Section 603 Contents of Application. Applications for amendments to the Official Zoning map adopted as part of this Resolution by section 700 shall contain at least the following information:

- 1. Name, address, and phone number of applicant;
- 2. Present use:
- 3. Present zoning district;
- 4. Proposed use:
- 5. Proposed zoning district;
- 6. A vicinity map at a scale approved by the Zoning Inspector showing property lines, thoroughfares, existing and proposed zoning and such other items as the Zoning Inspector may require;
- 7. A list of all property owners and their addresses who are witching, contiguous to, or directly across the road (street) form the parcel(s) proposed to be rezoned and others that may have a substantial interest in the case, except that addresses need not be included where more than ten (10) parcels are to be rezoned;
- 8. A fee as established by the Township Trustees, according to Section 360.

Section 604 Transmittal to Zoning Commission. Immediately after the adoption of resolution by the Township Trustees or the filing of an application by at least one (1) owner or lessee of property, said resolution or application shall be transmitted to the Commission.

Section 605 Submission to Director of Transportation. Before any zoning amendment is approved effecting any land within three hundred (300) feet of the center line of a proposed new highway or a highway which changes are proposed as described in the certification of local officials by the Director of Transportation, or within a radius of five hundred (500) feet from the point of intersection of said centerline with any public road or highway, the commission shall give notice, by registered or certified mail to the Director of Transportation. The Commission may proceed as required by law, however, the Township Trustees shall not approve the amendment for one hundred twenty (120) days from the date the notice is received by the Director of Transportation. If the Director of Transportation notifies the Trustees that he shall proceed to acquire the land needed, then the trustees shall refuse to approve the rezoning. If the director of Transportation notifies the Trustees that acquisition at this time is not in the public interest or upon the expiration of the one hundred twenty (120) day period or any extension thereof agreed upon by the Director of Transportation and the property owner, the trustees shall proceed as required by law.

Section 606 Recommendation by Zoning Commission. After complying with all the requirements of Chapter 519.12 of the Ohio Revised code, the Zoning Commission shall transmit its recommendation to the Township Trustees. The Zoning Commission may recommend that the amendment be granted as requested, or it may recommend a modification of the amendment requested, or it may recommend that the amendment be denied

Section 607 Public Hearing by Township Trustees. Upon receipt of the recommendation form the Zoning Commission; the Township Trustees shall schedule a public hearing. Said hearing shall be not more than thirty (30) days from the receipt of the recommendation from the Zoning Commission.

Section 608 Public Hearing in Newspaper. Notice of the public hearing required in section 607 shall be given by the Township Trustees in compliance with the requirements of Chapter 519.12 of the Ohio revised code as amended.

Section 610 Action by Township Trustees. Within twenty (20) days after the public hearing required by Section 607, the Township Trustees shall either adopt or deny the recommendation of the zoning commission, or adopt some modification thereof. In the event the Trustees denies or modifies the recommendation of the Zoning commission, it must do so by unanimous vote.

Section 611 Effective Date and Referendum. Such amendment adopted by the Trustees shall become effective thirty (30) days after the date of such adoption unless within thirty (30) days after the adoption of the amendment there is presented to the Trustees a referendum petition, which is filed in accordance with Section 510.12 of the Ohio Revised Code as amended.

ARTICLE VII PROVISIONS FOR OFFICIAL ZONING MAP

Section 700 Official Zoning Map. The districts established in Article 8 of this Resolution as shown on the Official Zoning Map which, together with all explanatory matter thereon, are hereby adopted as part of this Resolution.

<u>Section 710 Identification of Official Zoning Map.</u> The Official Zoning Map shall be identified by the signature of the chairperson of the Board of Township Trustees and attested to by the clerk.

Section 720 Interpretation of District Boundaries. Where uncertainty exists with respect to the boundaries of any of the zoning districts as shown on the Official Zoning Map, the following rules shall apply:

- 1. Where district boundaries are indicated as approximately following the center lines of thoroughfares or highways, street lines, or highway right-of-way lines, such center lines, street lines, or highway right-of-way lines shall be construed to be such boundaries;
- 2. Where district boundaries are so indicated that they approximately follow the lot lines, such lot lines shall be construed to be such boundaries;
- 3. Where district boundaries are so indicated that they are approximately parallel to the center lines of highways, such district boundaries shall be construed as being parallel thereto and at such distance is given, such dimensions shall be determined by the use of the scale shown on the Official Zoning Map;
- 4. Where the boundary of a district follows a railroad line, such boundary shall be deemed to be located in the middle of the main tracks of said railroad line.

ARTICLE VIII ESTABLISHMENT AND PURPOSE OF DISTRICTS

Section 800 Intent. The following zoning districts are hereby established for the township. For the interpretation of this Resolution, the zoning districts have been formulated to realize the general purposes as set forth in the preamble of this Resolution. In addition, the specific purpose of each zoning district shall be as stated.

Section 810 Rural District (U-1). The intention of the rural district is to provide land, which is suitable or used for agriculture, conservation, very low-density residence, and public and quasipublic purpose. Very low density residential land use refers to farm housing units and isolated residential developments not requiring a major plat under the county's Subdivision Regulations. (A major plat consists of six (6) or more lots). Some residential, commercial and industrial development may be permitted as conditional uses under Section 560. On site water and sewer facilities are permitted, provided such facilities comply with the county Health Department Regulations. Specific permitted and conditional uses are listed on the Official Schedule of District Regulations.

Section 811 Low Density Residential District (R-1) The purpose of the low density residential district is to provide land for single family dwelling units not to exceed four (4) dwellings per acre with a central sewage system. If a central sewage system is not available, then the minimum lot size shall also include land that is subdivided which requires a major plat under the county's Subdivision regulations. (A major plat consists of six (6) or more lots).

Section 812 High Density residential District (R-3) The purpose of the high-density residential district is to provide land for multi-family dwellings not to exceed sixteen (16) dwelling units per gross acre. Centralized water and sewerage facilities may be required. Specific permitted and conditional uses are listed on the Official Schedule of District regulations.

Section 814 Service Business District (B-1). The purpose of the service business district is to provide land for sales, service and repair establishments which require highway orientation or larger tracts of land not normally available in local business districts; do not contribute to the design of a unified business center; depend on drive-in business; and require a location along or near major thoroughfares and intersections. Specific permitted and conditional uses are listed on the Official schedule of District Regulations.

Section 815 Heavy Manufacturing District (M-2). The purpose of the heavy manufacturing district is to provide for the development of major manufacturing, processing, warehousing, and major research and testing operations. These activities may require extensive community facilities and reasonable access to arterial thoroughfares; they may have extensive open storage and service areas and generate some heavy traffic. Specific permitted and conditional uses are listed on the Official Schedule of District Regulations

ARTICLE IX DISTRICT REGULATIONS

Section 900 Compliance with Regulations. The regulations for each district set forth by this Resolution shall be minimum regulations and shall apply uniformly to each class or kind or structure or land, except as hereinafter provided; or as otherwise granted by the Board of Zoning Appeals.

- No building, structure or land shall be used or occupied and no building or structure or part thereof shall be erected, constructed, reconstructed, moved or structurally altered except in conformity with all the regulations herein specified for the district in which it is located.
- 2. No building or other structure shall be erected or altered:
 - a. to provide for greater height or bulk;
 - b. to accommodate or house a greater number of families;
 - c. to occupy a greater percentage of lot area;
 - d. to have narrower or smaller rear yards, front yards, side yards, or other open spaces;
- 3. No yard or lot existing at the time of passage of this Resolution shall be reduced in dimension or area below the minimum requirements set forth herein. Yards or lots created after the effective date of this Resolution shall meet at least the minimum requirements set forth herein.

Section 910 Official Schedule of District Regulations Adopted.

District regulations shall be as set forth in the Official Schedule of District Regulations hereby adopted and declared to be a part of this resolution and in Article 10 of this Resolution, "Supplementary district Regulations." Regulations for Manufactured Homes shall be those specified in Article 13.

ARTICLE X SUPPLEMENTARY DISTRICT REGULATIONS

<u>Section 1000 General</u>. the purpose of supplementary district regulations is to set specific conditions for various uses, classification of uses or areas where problems may frequently be encountered.

<u>Section 1001 Conversion of Dwellings to More Units.</u> A residence may be converted to accommodate an increased number of dwelling units provided:

- 1. The yard dimensions, including minimum lot width still meet the yard dimensions required by the zoning regulations of new structures in that district in which the dwelling is located.
- 2. The lot area per family equals the lot area requirements for new structures in that district;
- 3. The floor area per dwelling unit is not reduced to less than that which is required for new construction in that district;

Section 1002 Private Swimming Pools. A private swimming pool, not including farm ponds, shall be any pool, lake, or open tank not located within a completely enclosed building and containing or normally capable of containing water to a depth at any point greater than one and one half feet. No such swimming pool, exclusive of portable swimming pools with a diameter less than 12 feet or with an area of less than 1—square feet, shall be allowed in any residential district, except as an accessory use and unless it complies with the following conditions and requirements;

- 1. The pool is intended and is to be used solely for the enjoyment of the occupants of the principal use of the property of which it is located.
- 2. It may not be located, including any walks or paved areas or accessory structures adjacent thereto, closer than 10 feet to any property line of the property on which it is located
- 3. The swimming pool, or the entire property on which it is located shall be walled or fenced to prevent uncontrolled access by children from adjacent properties. Said fence or wall shall be not less than five feet in height and maintained in good condition with a gate and lock.

Section 1003 Community or Club Swimming Pools. Community and club swimming pools are permitted in any commercial or residential district, but shall comply with the following conditions and requirements:

- 1. The pool is intended solely for the enjoyment of the members and families and guests of members of the association or club under whose ownership or jurisdiction the pool is operated;
- 2. The pool and accessory structures thereto, including the areas used by the bathers, shall not be closer than fifty (50) feet to any property line;
- 3. The swimming pool and all of the area used by the bathers shall be walled or fenced to prevent uncontrolled access by children from the thoroughfare or adjacent properties. Said fence or wall shall not be less than five (5) feet in height and maintained in good condition.

Section 1004 Temporary Buildings. Temporary buildings, construction trailers, equipment and materials used in conjunction with construction work only may be permitted in any district during the period construction work is in progress, but such t4emporary facilities shall be removed upon completion of the construction work. Storage of such facilities or equipment beyond the completion date of the project shall require a zoning permit authorized by the Zoning Inspector.

Section 1005 Parking and Storage of Certain Vehicles.

The following provisions and requirements shall pertain to the parking and storage of certain vehicles:

- 1. The parking and storage, within any district, of automotive vehicles without current license plates, for a period of more than thirty (30) days shall be prohibited unless such vehicle is stored in an enclosed garage or other accessory building;
- 2. The parking or storage, within any district, of a disabled automotive vehicle for a period of more than thirty (30) days shall be prohibited unless such vehicle is stored in an enclosed garage or other accessory building;
- 3. The parking or storage, within any district, of a junked, dismantled or wrecked automotive vehicle or parts thereof which is in public view or any highway for a period of more than thirty (30) days shall be prohibited.

For purposed of this section, a junked, dismantled or wrecked automotive vehicle shall be one, which is damaged, or no longer serviceable, to the extent that it is inoperable or is unsafe to operate upon the public highways.

This section shall not apply to properly licensed junkyards and motor vehicle salvage facilities, which are regulated by appropriate sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

Section 1006 Required Trash Areas. All commercial, industrial, and multi-family residential uses that provide trash and/or garbage collection areas shall be enclosed on at least three sides by a solid wall or fence a minimum of four feet in height or one foot higher than the receptacles therein if such area is not within an enclosed building or structure. Provisions for adequate vehicular access to and from such area or areas for collection of trash and/or garbage as determined by the Zoning Inspector shall be required.

Section 1010 Supplemental Yard and Height Regulations. In addition to all yard regulations specified in the Official Schedule of District Regulations and in other sections of this Resolution, the provisions of Sections 1011-1017, inclusive shall be used for interpretation and clarification.

Section 1011 Setback Requirements for Corner Buildings. On a corner lot the principal building and its accessory structures shall be required to have the same setback distance from all street right-of-way lines as required for the front yard in the district in which such structures are located.

Section 1012 Visibility at Intersections. On a corner lot in any district, nothing shall be erected, placed, planted, or allowed to grow in such a manner as to materially impede vision between a height of two and a half ($2\frac{1}{2}$) and ten (10) feet above the center line grades of the intersecting streets in the area bounded by the right-of way lines of such corner lots and a line joining points along said street lines fifty (50) feet from the point of intersection.

Section 1014 Yard Requirements for Multi-Family Dwellings. Multi-family dwellings shall be considered as one (1) building for the purpose of determining front, side and rear yard requirements. The entire group as a unit shall require one (1) front, one (1) rear and two (2) side yards as specified for dwellings in the appropriate district. Each individual building shall meet all yard requirements of the appropriate district as though it were on an individual lot.

Section 1015 Side and Rear Yard Requirements for Non-Residential uses Abutting Residential Districts. Non-residential buildings or uses shall not be located in or conducted closer than (40) feet to any lot line of a residential district, except that the minimum yard requirements may be reduced to fifty (50) percent of the requirements if acceptable landscaping or screening approved by the Zoning Inspector is provided.

Section 1016 Architectural Projections. Open structures such as porches, decks, canopies, balconies, platforms, carports, covered patios and similar architectural projections shall be considered parts of the building to which attached and shall not project into the required minimum front, side or rear yard.

Section 1017 Exceptions to Height Regulations. The height regulations contained in the Official Schedule of District Regulations do not apply to spires, belfries, cupolas, antennas, water tanks, ventilators, chimneys or other appurtenances usually required to be placed above the roof level and not intended for human occupancy except where the height of such structures will not constitute a hazard.

Section 1020 Special Provisions for Commercial and Industrial Uses. No commercial or industrial use as designated on the Official Schedule of District Regulations and defined herein nor any land or building in any district shall be used or occupied in any manner creating dangerous, injurious, noxious or otherwise objectionable conditions which could adversely affect the surrounding areas or adjoining premises, except that any use permitted by this Resolution may be undertaken and maintained if acceptable measures and safeguards to reduce dangerous and objectionable conditions to acceptable limits as established by the performance requirements in Sections 1021-1032, inclusive.

Section 1021 Fire Hazards. Any activity involving the use or storage of flammable chemicals, petroleum products or explosive materials shall be protected by adequate fire-fighting and fire-prevention equipment and by such safety devices as are normally used in the handling of any such material. Such hazards shall be kept removed from adjacent activities to a distance, which is compatible with the potential danger involved.

Section 1022 Electrical Disturbance. No activity shall emit electrical disturbance adversely affecting the operation of any equipment at any point other than that of the creator of such disturbance. The disturbance must be due solely to the creator and not due to defective wiring equipment etc., at the receiving point.

Section 1023 Noise. Noise is the general word for any loud, disagreeable, annoying or deafening sound painful to the ear. Objectionable noise as determined by the zoning inspector, which is due to volume or frequency, shall be muffled or otherwise controlled. Disaster or fire sirens and related apparatus used solely for public purposes are exempt from this requirement.

Section 1024 Water Pollution. Water pollution as defined or determined by the county Board of Health or the Ohio environmental Protection Agency shall be subject to corrective measures, requirements and regulations as established by the Board of Health or the Ohio E.P.A.

Section 1025 Mining, Mineral, Clay, Sand and Gravel Extraction, Storage and Processing. The extraction, storage and processing of minerals shall be conducted in accordance with the requirements of Sections 1026 -1032 inclusive.

Section 1026 Distance from Residential Areas. Mineral extraction, storage or processing shall not be conducted closer than five hundred (500) feet from any residential district, nor closer than two hundred (200) feet from any structure used for human occupancy in any other district.

<u>Section 1027 Filing of Location Map.</u> The operator shall file with the Zoning Inspector a location map, which clearly shows areas to be mined, and the location of adjacent properties, roads and natural features.

Section 1028 Information on Operation. The operator shall submit information on the anticipated depth or excavations and on depth and probable effect on the existing water table as coordinated with the Ohio division of Water.

Section 1029 Restoration of Mined Area. The operator may be required to file with the Board of Zoning appeals a detailed plan for the restoration of the area to be mined which shall include the anticipated future use of the restored land.

Section 1030 Performance Bond. The operator may be required to file with the Board of Township trustees a bond, or other surety, payable to the township and conditioned on the faithful performance of all requirements contained in the approved restoration plan. The bond or other surety shall be released upon written certification of the zoning inspector that the restoration is complete and in compliance with the restoration plan.

Section 1031 Enforcement Provisions. The zoning inspector, prior to the issuance of a zoning permit, may require the submission of statements and plans indicating the manner in which dangerous and objectionable elements involved in processing and in equipment operations are to be eliminated or reduced to acceptable limits and tolerances. The are being mined or that has been mined shall be posted with "No Trespassing" signs to discourage human injury to the general public.

Section 1032 Measurement Procedures. Methods and procedures for the determination of the existence of any dangerous and objectionable elements shall conform to applicable standard measurement procedures published by the American Standards Association, Inc., New York, the Manufacturing Chemists' 'Association, Inc., Washington, D.C., the United States Bureau of Mines and the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency.

Section 1033 Telecommunication Towers. Pursuant to the Telecommunications Act of 1996 and the ORC Section 519.211 and the Lake Township Trustees being duly notified of a person's intent to construct a Telecommunication Tower in an area zoned "R-1" District; public utilities or other functionally equivalent providers my site a telecommunications tower as a conditional use provided the following conditions are met:

1. The applicant must provide proof that the proposal to construct a tower or attach equipment to an existing structure has been approved by all other agencies and governmental entities with jurisdiction (i.e. Federal Communications Commission, Federal Aviation Administration, Ohio Department of Transportation, Ohio Building Basic Code)

- 2. The applicant shall provide proof of notification to contiguous or directly across the street property owners as required by ORC Section 519.211.
- 3. The applicant must demonstrate at the time of application that no existing towers are feasible for co-location, and that no technically suitable and feasible sites are available in a nonresidential district. There shall be an explanation of why a co-location is not possible, and why a tower at this proposed site is technically necessary.
- 4. Co-location. Applicant shall provide a signed statement indicating that the applicant agrees to allow for the potential co-location of other users on the same tower to the extent possible. All co-located and multiple use telecommunication facilities shall be designed to promote facility and site sharing.
- 5. Setbacks from all platted residential uses and residential districts. All new towers shall be setback from the closest subdivision boundary line for all platted residential subdivisions, and for all non-platted residential districts from the closest residence, a distance of 900 feet.
- 6. Setbacks from all streets and private and public road right of ways. All new towers shall be setback form all road right of ways public and private, a distance of 900 feet.
- 7. Setbacks from all other uses allowable in the zoning district. All new towers shall be setback from any building that is not associated with or accessory to the telecommunications tower facility a distance of 900 feet.
- 8. Any and all base station equipment, accessory structures, buildings, etc. Used in conjunction with the tower shall be screened with fencing, masonry, shrubbery or other screening materials.
- 9. The applicant shall notify the Zoning Inspector within 30 days of ceasing operations at the site and shall remove all structures within 120 days of ceasing operations.
- 10. Lighting. Telecommunication towers shall not be artificially lighted unless required by the Federal Aviation Administration or other applicable regulatory authority. If lighting is required, the lighting design that would cause the least disturbance to the surrounding views shall be chosen. All telecommunication facilities shall be unlit except for security lighting or when authorized personnel are present.
- 11. No advertising or illumination other than that required by law may be located on the structure or on the required screening.
- 12. An inspection report prepared by a qualified engineer licensed by the State of Ohio shall be submitted to the Zoning Office every five (5) years which details the structural integrity of all towers and support structures on the property. The results of such inspections shall be provided to the Lake Township Building Regulation Department and the Lake Township Zoning Inspector. Based upon results of an inspection, the Township Trustees may require repair or removal of a communication tower. Any and all necessary repairs to the tower and/or structures shall be made within a seven(7) day period or the tower and/or structures shall be removed. The tower owner (applicant) is responsible to cover cost of all inspections, repair and/or removal.

- 13. The unstaffed storage building and/or unit that houses transmitting equipment is considered an accessory use and/or structure. Setbacks necessary uses/structures will comply with distances in the zoned district of the tower location. These facilities may not include offices, long-term vehicle storage, other outdoor storage, or broadcast studios except for emergency purposes.
- 15. A six(6) foot safety fence with a locked gate surrounding the tower is required. If high voltage is necessary, signs must be posted every twenty (20) feet along the fence saying "Danger-High Voltage". The operator must also post "No Trespassing" signs.

Section 1034 Performance Bond.

- 1. For each telecommunication tower, the owner or operator shall provide to the township, a surety bond or a bank letter of credit, to assure the Township that the terms and conditions of Section 1033 are preformed and complied with, including necessary repairs, including repairs to public highways and roads and the costs and expenses of removal in the event of abandonment.
- The Lake township Board of Trustees may draw upon the performance bond to recover any costs, damages, or expenses incurred by the Township, which arise out of the violations of Section 1033 or the abandonment of discontinuance of the use of the tower.

ARTICLE XI OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING REQUIREMENTS

Section 1100 General Requirements.

- 1. No building or structure shall be erected, substantially altered, or its use changed unless permanently maintained off street parking and or loading spaces have been provided in accordance with the provisions of this Resolution.
- 2. The provisions of this Article, except where there is a change of use, shall not apply to any existing building or structure.
- 3. Whenever a building or structure constructed after the effective date of this Resolution is changed or enlarged in floor area, number of employees, number of dwelling units, seating capacity, or otherwise to create a need for an increase in the number of existing parking spaces, additional parking spaces shall be provided on the basis of the enlargement or change. Whenever a building or structure existing prior to the effective date of this
- 4. Resolution is enlarged to the extent of fifty (50) percent or more in floor area, number of employees, number of housing units, seating capacity or otherwise, said building or structure shall then and thereafter comply with the full parking requirements set forth herein.

Section 1110 Parking Space Dimensions. A parking space shall have minimum rectangular dimensions of not less than nine (9) feet in width and nineteen (19) feet in length for ninety (90) degree parking, nine (9) feet in width and twenty three (23) feet in length for parallel parking, (10) feet in width and nineteen (19) feet in length for sixty (60) degree parking, and twelve (12) feet in width and nineteen (19) feet in length for forty five (45) degree parking. All dimensions shall be exclusive of driveways, aisles and other circulation areas. The number of required off-street parking spaces is established in Section 1130 of this Resolution

Section 1111 Loading Space Requirements and Dimensions. A loading space shall have minimum dimensions of not less than twelve (12) feet in width, fifty (50) feet in length, exclusive of driveways, aisles and other circulation areas and a height of clearance of not less than fifteen (15) feet. One off-street loading space shall be provided and maintained on the same lot requiring delivery of goods and having a modified gross floor area of up to five thousand (5,000) square feet. One loading space shall be provided for each additional ten thousand (10,000) square feet or fraction thereof of ground floor area.

Section 1112 Paving. The required number of parking and loading spaces as set forth in Section 1111 and 1130, together with driveways, aisles and other circulation areas, shall be improved with such material to provide a durable and dust free surface.

<u>Section 1113 Drainage.</u> All parking and loading areas shall provide for proper drainage of surface water to prevent the drainage of such water onto adjacent properties or walkways.

Section 1114 Maintenance. The owner of property used for parking and /or loading shall maintain such area in good condition without holes and free of all dust, trash and other debris.

Section 1115 Lighting. Any lights used to illuminate a parking lot shall be so arranged as to reflect the light away from the adjoining property.

<u>Section 1116 Location of Parking Spaces.</u> The following regulations shall govern the location of off-street parking spaces and areas:

- 1. Parking spaces for all detached residential uses shall be located on the same lot as the use which they are intended to serve,
- 2. Parking spaces for commercial, industrial or institutional uses shall be located not more than seven hundred (700) feet from the principal use;
- 3. Parking spaces for apartments, or similar residential uses shall be located not more than three hundred (300) feet from the principal use.

Section 1117 Screening and /or Landscaping. Whenever a parking area is located in or adjacent to a residential district it shall be effectively screened on all sides which adjoin or face any property used for residential purposes, by an acceptable designed fence, or planting screen. Such fence or planting screen shall be not less than four (4) feet or more than six (6)

feet in height and shall be maintained in good condition. In the event that terrain or other natural features are such that the erection of such fence or planting screen will not serve the intended purpose, then no such fence or planting screen and landscaping shall be required.

Section 1119 Minimum Distance and Setbacks. No part of any parking area for more than ten (10) vehicles shall be closer than twenty (20) feet to any dwelling unit if located on an adjoining lot, unless separated by an acceptably designed screen. In no case shall any part of a parking area be closer than four (4) feet to any established road right-of-way.

Section 1120 Joint Use. Two or more non-residential uses may jointly provide and use parking spaces when their hours of operation do not normally overlap, provided that a written agreement approved by the zoning inspector shall be filed with the application for a zoning permit.

Section 1121 Wheel Blocks. Whenever a parking lot extends to a property line, wheel blocks or other suitable devices shall be installed to prevent any part of a parked vehicle from extending beyond the property line.

Section 1122 Width of Driveway Aisle. Driveways serving individual parking spaces shall be not less than twenty-five (25) feet wide for ninety (90) degree parking, twelve (12) feet wide for parallel parking, seventeen and one-half (17 ½) feet for sixty (60) degree parking and thirteen (13) feet for forty-five (45) degree parking.

<u>Section 1130 Parking Space Requirements.</u> For the purpose of this Resolution, the following parking space requirements shall apply:

TYPE OF USE	PARKING SPACES REQUIRED	
Single family or two family dwelling	Two for each unit	
Apartments or multi family dwellings	Two for each unit	
Manufactured Homes	Two for each unit	
Outdoor swimming pools, public Or community or club	One for each 5 persons capacity plus one for each 4 seats or one for each 30 sq. ft. floor area used for seating purposes whichever is greater	
Retail Establishment	One for each 250 sq. ft. of floor area	
Offices, public or professional, Administration or service buildings	One for each 400 sq. ft. of floor area	

All other types of businesses or Commercial uses permitted in any district

One for each 300 sq. ft. of floor area

Churches

One for each 5 seats

All types of Manufacturing, Storage And Wholesale Uses

One for every 2 employees on the largest shift for which the building is designed.

<u>Section 1131 General Interpretations.</u> In the interpretation of this Article, the following rules shall govern:

- 1. Parking spaces for other permitted or conditional uses not listed in this Article shall be determined by the Board upon an appeal from a decision of the Zoning Inspector.
- 2. Fractional numbers shall be increased to the next whole number.
- 3. When a reason for parking demand is unusually low, then the parking space provisions cited above may be reduced proportionately by the Board upon an appeal from a decision of the Zoning Inspector.

ARTICLE XII SIGNS

Section 1200 Intent. The purpose of this Article is to promote and protect the public health, welfare and safety by regulating existing and proposed outdoor advertising, outdoor advertising signs and outdoor signs of all types. It is intended to protect property values, create a more attractive economic and business climate, and enhance and to protect the physical appearance of the township.

<u>Section 1201 Governmental Signs Excluded.</u> For the purpose of this Resolution "sign" does not include signs erected and maintained pursuant to in discharge of any governmental function, or required by law, ordinance or governmental regulation.

Section 1202 General Requirements for all Signs and Districts. The regulations contained in this section shall apply to all signs and all use districts.

- 1. Any illuminated sign or lighting device shall employ only light emitting a light of constant intensity and no sign shall be illuminated by or contain flashing, intermittent, rotating or moving light or lights. In no event shall an illuminated sign or lighting device be placed or directed or beamed upon a public thoroughfare so as to cause glare or reflection that may constitute a traffic hazard or nuisance.
- 2. All wiring, fittings and materials used in the construction, connection and operation of electrically illuminated signs shall be in accordance with the provisions of the local electric code in effect if any.
- 3. No sign shall be placed on the roof of any building.
- 4. No portable or temporary sign shall be placed on the front or face of a building or on any premises, except as provided in Section 1220 herein.

- 5. No sign except as provided in Section 1220 or part thereof shall contain or consist of banners, posters, pennants, ribbons, streamers, spinners or other similar moving devices. Such devices, as well as strings or lights shall not be used for the purpose of advertising or attracting attention when not part of a sign.
- 6. No sign of any classification shall be installed, erected or attached in any form, shape or manner to a fire escape or any door or window giving access to any fire escape.
- 7. All signs hung and erected shall be plainly marked with the name of the person, firm or corporation responsible for maintaining the sign.
- 8. Should any sign be or become unsafe or be in danger of falling, the owner thereof or the person maintaining the same, shall upon receipt of written notice from the Zoning Inspector proceed at once to put such sign in a safe and secure condition or remove the sign.
- 9. No sign shall be placed in any public right-of -way except those publicly owned signs such as traffic control signs and directional signs. Signs directing and guiding traffic and parking on private property but bearing no advertising matter shall be permitted on any property.

Section 1203 Measurement of Sign Area. The surface area of a sign shall be computed as including the entire area within a regular geometric form or combinations of regular, geometric forms comprising all of the display area of the sign and including all of the elements of the matter displayed. Frames and structural members not being advertising matter shall not be included in computation of surface area.

Section 1210 Signs Permitted in all Districts not Requiring a Permit.

- 1. Signs advertising the sale, lease or rental of the premises upon which the sign is located, shall not exceed twelve (12) square feet in area, except in all residential districts where the area of the sign shall not be more than eight (8) square feet.
- 2. Professional name plates not to exceed two (2) feet by three (3) feet in area.
- 3. Signs denoting the name and address of the occupants of the premises, not to exceed four (4) square feet in area.

Section 1211 Signs Permitted in any District Requiring a Permit.

- 1. Signs or bulletin boards customarily incidental to places of worship, social clubs or societies, which signs or bulletin boards shall not exceed fifteen (15) square feet in area and which shall be located on the promises of such institution.
- 2. Any sign advertising a commercial enterprise, including real estate developers or subdividers in a district zoned residential shall not exceed twelve (12) square feet in area and shall advertise only the names of the owners, trade names, products sold and/or the business or activity conducted on the premises where such sign is located.

Section 1212 Signs Permitted in Business and Manufacturing Districts Requiring a Permit. The regulations set forth in this section shall apply to all signs in the business and manufacturing districts and such shall require a permit.

- 1. In a business or manufacturing district, each business shall be permitted one(1) flat or wall on premises sign. Projection of wall signs shall not exceed two (2) feet measured from the face of the main building. The area of all permanent on-premises signs for any single business enterprise may have an area equivalent to one and one half (1 1/2) square feet of sign area for each lineal foot of building width, or part of a building, occupied by such enterprise but shall not exceed a maximum area of one hundred (100) square feet.
- 2. In a business or manufacturing district, two off premises signs with a total area not exceeding six hundred (600) square feet for both may be permitted at a single location. No single off-premises sign shall exceed three hundred (300) square feet, nor shall off-premises signs visible to approaching traffic have a minimum spacing of less than height regulations for the appropriate zoning district. Off premises wall signs shall have all structural and supporting members concealed from view.

Section 1220 Temporary Signs. Temporary signs not exceeding sixty four (64) square feet in area, announcing special public or institutional events, the erection of a building, the architect, the builders or contractors may be erected for a period of sixty (60) days plus the construction period. Such temporary signs shall conform to the general requirements listed in section 1202, the setback requirements in Sections 1240-1243 and, in addition, such other standards deemed necessary to accomplish the intent as stated in Section 1200.

Section 1221 Free Standing Signs. Free standing on premises signs not over thirty (30) feet in height having a maximum total sign area of one hundred (100) sq. ft. per display area and located not closer than fifteen (15) feet to any adjoining lot line may be erected to serve a group of business establishments. There shall be only one free standing sign for each building, regardless of the number of businesses conducted in said building.

<u>Section 1222 Wall Signs Pertaining to Non-Conforming Uses.</u> On premises wall signs pertaining to a non-conforming use shall be permitted on the same premises of such use, provided the area of such sign does not exceed twelve (12) square feet.

Section 1230 Political Signs. No political sign shall be posted in any place or in any manner that is destructive to public property upon posting or removal. No political sign shall be posted more than sixty (60) days before an election. All candidates for public office, their campaign committees, or other persons responsible for the posting on public property of campaign material shall remove such material within two weeks following Election Day.

<u>Section 1240</u> Sign Setback Requirements. Except as modified in sections 1241-1244, on premises signs where permitted shall be set back from the established right of way line of any thoroughfare at least ten (10) feet. No off premises sign shall be erected in front of the required setback line for the appropriate zoning district.

Section 1241 Increased Setback. For every square foot by which any off premises sign exceeds fifty (50) square feet, the setback shall be increased by one half (1/2) foot by need not exceed one hundred (100) feet.

Section 1242 Setbacks for Off Premises Signs. If a setback line is not established for the appropriate zoning district, off premises signs shall be set back a minimum of ten (10) feet from the right of way line.

Section 1243 Setbacks for Public and Quasipublic Signs. Real estate signs and bulleting boards for a church, school or any other public religious or educational institution may be erected not less than ten (10) feet from the established right of way line of any street or highway provided such sign or bulletin board does not obstruct traffic visibility at street or highway intersections.

Section 1244 Special Yard Provisions. On premises signs where permitted shall be erected or placed in conformity with the side and rear yard requirements of the district on which located, except that in any residential district, on premises signs shall not be erected or placed within twelve (12) feet of a side or rear lot line. If the requirement for a single side yard in the appropriate zoning district is more than twelve (12) feet, the latter shall apply.

<u>Section 1250 Limitation.</u> For the purposes of this Resolution, outdoor advertising off premises signs shall be classified as a business use and be permitted in all districts zoned for business or lands used for agricultural purposes. In addition, regulation of signs along primary highways shall conform to the requirements of Ohio Revised Code, Chapter 5516 and the regulations adopted pursuant thereto.

<u>Section 1251 Violations.</u> In case any sign shall be installed, erected, constructed, or maintained in violations of any of the terms of this resolution, the Zoning Inspector shall notify in writing the owner or lessee thereof to alter such sign so as to comply with this resolution. Failure to comply shall be deemed a violation and shall be punishable under Section 350 of this Resolution.

ARTICLE XIII MANUFACTURED HOMES INDIVIDUALLY

Section 1341 Manufactured Homes Individually. The following requirements shall apply to manufactured home dwellings that are placed upon an individual lot in any district where applicable.

- 1. Individual manufactured homes shall have, using accepted industry measurement standards, a minimum area of nine hundred (900) square feet of floor area.
- 2. The manufactured home's axle and wheels shall be removed and the home placed upon a permanent stand not less than ten (10) feet by fifty (50) feet.

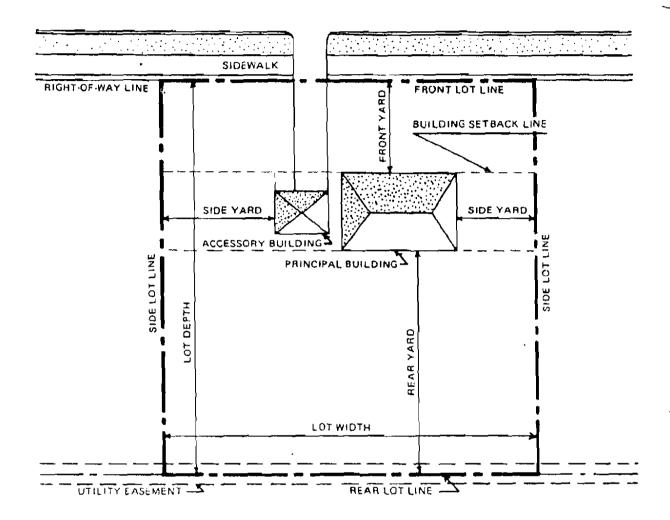
 The stand shall be constructed of a minimum of six (6) inches of concrete and provide at least two (2) tie down rings. In lieu of the above stand, concrete pillars twelve (12) inches square and a minimum of thirty six (36) inches below ground at all blocking points may be used.
- 3. The manufactured home shall be skirted entirely enclosing the bottom section, within ninety (90) days after its placement. Skirting shall be constructed of vinyl, aluminum or other suitable material that is designed specifically for skirting.
- 4. The manufactured home shall be landscaped with lawn within one hundred and sixty (160) days after its placement.

The Board of Zoning Appeals may set other conditions, which it deems appropriate.

April 5, 1983 Adopted: Amended: December 5,1998

wnship Trustee

Amended: September 24, 2002

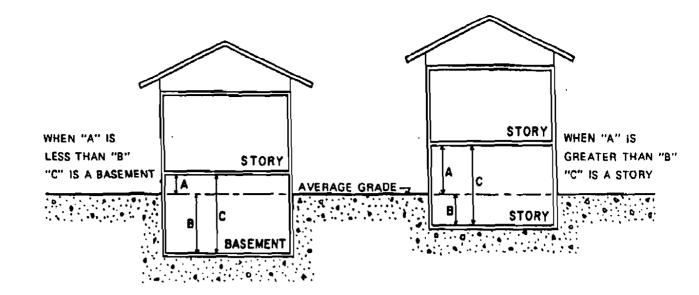


LOT AREA= TOTAL HORIZONTAL AREA

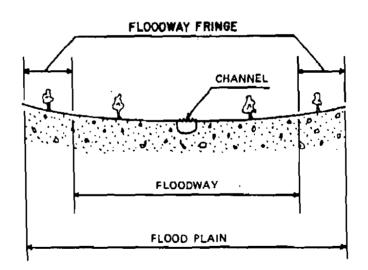
LOT COVERAGE= PER CENT OF LOT OCCUPIED

BY BUILDING

LOT TERMS

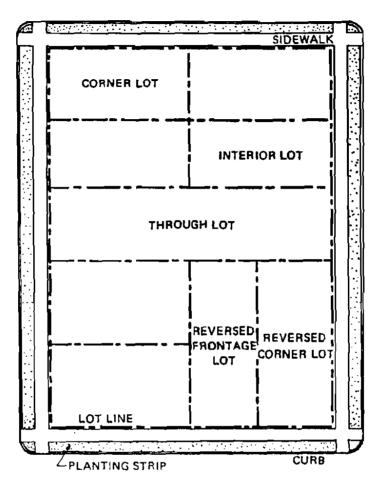


BASEMENT & STORY

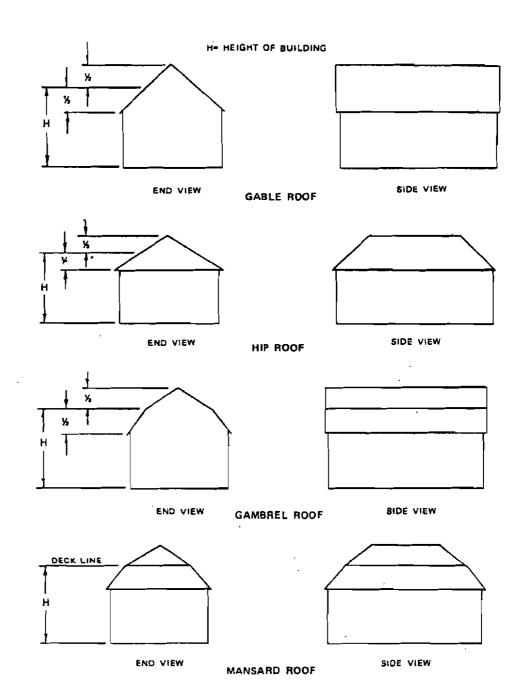


FLOOD PLAIN TERMS





TYPES OF LOTS



ROOF TYPES AND BUILDING HEIGHT

EFFECTIVE DATE: March 1, 1999

PRIVATE DRIVEWAY ENTRANCES AND MAILBOX INSTALLATIONS ON PUBLIC ROAD RIGHT OF WAY.

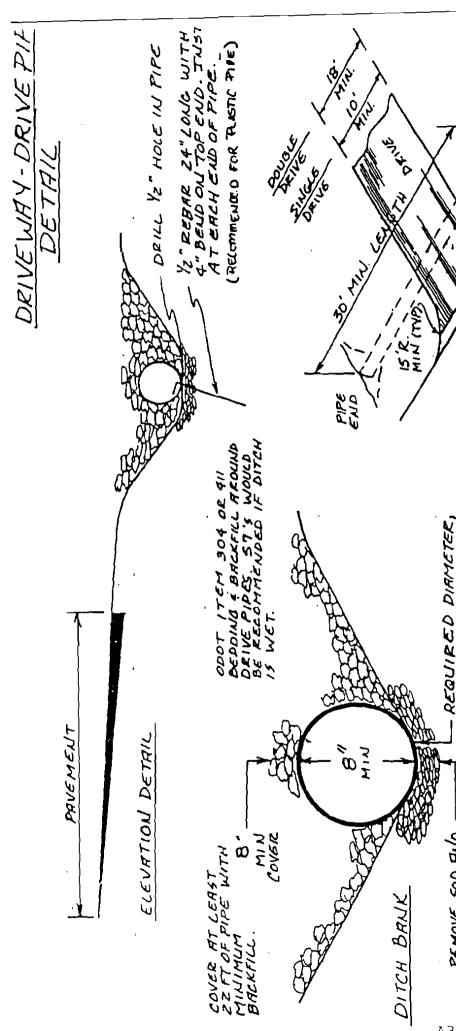
Purpose: To develop a consistent policy for the construction of private entrances and mailbox installations on public road right of way.

SECTION A: PRIVATE DRIVEWAY INSTALLATION

- 1. All private drives that are to be constructed shall be the responsibility of the individual wishing said driveway
- 2. A permit must be obtained from the Lake Township Zoning Inspector. No construction shall start unless a permit is obtained.
- 3. The township trustees shall determine the size (diameter) of culvert required, if any.
- 4. No culvert shall be less than thirty (30) feet in length. Longer length may be required it the engineer finds it necessary. Headwalls may only be installed with the prior approval of the Lake Township Trustees.
- 5. No driveway shall intersect a public road at an angle of less than seventy (70) degrees. Ninety (90) degrees is desirable.
- 6. All culverts shall be corrugated metal pipe (C.M.P.) reinforced concrete, double walled polyethylene drainage pipe equivalent of Hancor Hi-Q or ADS N-12 or an approved type of equal strength. All fittings shall be manufactured for the type of pipe being installed.
- 7. Backfill of the culvert shall be stone or gravel aggregate of size No. 304, 310 or equivalent.
- 8. The grade shall be on the flow line of the existing side ditch and shall slope with the natural grade of the side ditch unless other wise directed by the Lake Township trustees.
- 9. From the viewpoint of safety, it is suggested that the driveway be located so as to have a minimum of five hundred and fifty (550) feet sight distance each way on the public road and a driveway grade should be no greater than 10% (ten). The driveway shall be a minimum of one hundred and fifty (150) feet from any intersection.
- 10. See standard drawings for driveway detail. (See enclosed)
- 11. The owner shall be responsible for the purchase of all materials and the installation of the materials used and shall pay all the costs of said materials and labor.
- 12. The county shall inspect the driveway after construction to check compliance of the above.
- 13. The driveway and drive pipe shall be replaced if not installed properly or not kept in good working condition. If replacement is not completed within fifteen (15) days after notification by the Lake Township Trustees, the township will do the work or hire it done and the cost will be assessed to the property owner.

SECTION B: MAILBOX INSTALLATION

- 1. All mailboxes shall be located no closer than four feet from the edge of the pavement.
- 2. The Lake Township Trustees, will upon notification of a NEW installation, place aggregate to provide a turn out for the mailbox.
- 3. The owner shall be responsible for the installation of the mailbox as well as the maintenance of the mailbox and turn out.
- 4. All supports for mailboxes shall be of the breakaway type. Satisfactory supports shall be as follows:
 - A. Maximum 4" x 4" timber.
 - B. Maximum 2 1/2 " diameter standard wall pipe
 - C. Any material with equal breakaway characteristics of above.



PAVEMENT (PLACE Z"ASPHALT OVER G-CRUSHED STONE BETWEEN CONCRETE DRIVEWAY AND EDGE OF PAVEMENT.) NOTES: 1. MAXIMUM LOMGITUDINAL CRADE ON A DRIVEWAY
SHALL BE 10% (10'11/100'). DRIVEWAYS SHALL BE CROWNSD.

- 2. DRIVEWAY PIPE (IF REGUIRED) SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE SPECIFICATIONS.
- THE PROPERTY OWNIER, BUILDER OR DEVELOPER IS REGUIRED TO CONSTRUCT DRIVEWAYS FORIVEPIPES ALLO TO KEEP THOSE AND APPROACHES IN GOOD REPAIR AND AND WORKING CONDITION, (SEE O.R.C. 5543.16) œ,

TO THE PROPERTY FIND WILL DO INSTALLED PROPERLY OR KEPT IN GOOD WORKING COUDITION THE DRIVE WAY & DRIVEPIPE SHALL BE REPLACED IF LOT HE WORK AND THE COST WILL BE ASSESS. IF REPLACEMENT IS NOT COMPLETED WITHIN INTERFICE ンダングの 4.

ACCEPTABLE PIPE

SHALL TEEMINATE 4 MIN. FROM EDGE OF ROADWAY

CONCRETE DENUEWAYS

4 MIN.

Lake Twp. Trustees

30' MIN. PIPELENGTH.

FILL WITH CRUSHED STONE TO THE FLOW

3N/7

LINE AND BACK -

REMOVE SOD AND SOIL TO 6" MIN BELOW THE FLOW

AS SPECIFIED BY THE

LEIVETED OR WELDED CORRUGATE

METAL 2. REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE

3. DOUBLE WALLED CORPUGATED PLAST. (ADS N-12 OR HANCOR HI-B)

-A3-

OFFICIAL SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT REGULATIONS

1. **ZONING DISTRICT**; (Symbols as used on the official zoning map)

U-1 RURAL DISTRICT

2. Permitted Uses (Accessory uses and essential services are included);

Agriculture, Conservation; Very low density residential, Home occupation, Orchards, Plant nurseries, Agricultural products, processing and sales, Public and Quasipublic uses.

3. <u>Conditional Uses</u> (Permitted upon issuance of a conditional use permit by the Board of Zoning Appeals)

Veterinary animal hospital or clinic; Kennel; Mineral extraction; Service Business; Commercial & Non commercial recreation; Public Service facility; Personal Services; Offices; Wholesale & warehousing; Manufactured homes park; Essential Services; Light and Heavy Manufacturing & directly related offices and retail sales; Manufactured Homes Individually.

4. Planned Unit Development Uses (Not Applicable)

Minimum Lot Size (Square feet per household)

5. With on Site Sewage Treatment:

40,000

- 6. With Group or Central Sewage Treatment;
- 7. Frontage Width (Feet):

150

8. Maximum Percentage of Lot to be Occupied (Principal and accessory buildings)

Maximum Percentage of Lot to be Occupied:

25%

9. Minimum Floor Area (Square Feet)

Minimum floor area:

1000*

Maximum Height of Principal Buildings

10. Stories:

 $2\frac{1}{2}$

11. Feet:

35

Minimum Yard Dimensions (feet)

12. Front: 50

Side Yards:

13. One Side Yard:

20

14. Sum of Side Yard:

40

15. Rear:

30

Accessory Buildings

16. Maximum Height (feet): 20 Maximum distance in Feet To:

17. Side Lot Line:

10

18. Rear Lot Line:

10.

19. Minimum (Mandatory) Off Street Parking Space

See Article XI

20. Minimum (Mandatory Off Street Loading Space

See Article XI

21. Signs Permitted

See Article XII

22. Other Provisions and Requirements (Supplementary regulations, prohibitions, notes, etc.)

*900 for manufactured housing

Use of land or buildings for agricultural purposes are not affected by this Resolution and no zoning certificate shall be required for any such building or structure or use of land. Residential dwellings do require a permit.

OFFICIAL SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT REGULATIONS

1. **ZONING DISTRICT:** (Symbols as used on the official zoning map)

R-1 LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT

- 2. <u>Permitted Uses</u> (Accessory uses and essential services are included): Single Family Dwelling; Public & Quasipublic Uses.
- 3. Conditional Uses (Permitted upon issuance of a conditional use permit by the Board of Zoning Appeals):

Non-commercial recreation; Essential Services; Personal Services; Offices; Service Business; Agriculture; Multi Family dwellings; Home Occupation.

4. Planned Unit Development Uses (Not Applicable)

Minimum Lot Size (Square Foot per household)

5. With on Site Sewage Treatment: 40,000 6. With Group or Central Sewage Treatment: 10,800

7. Frontage Width (Feet):

With on Site Sewage Treatment: 150 With Group or Central Sewage Treatment: 80

8. Maximum Percentage of Lot to be Occupied (Principal and accessory buildings)

Maximum Percentage of Lot to be Occupied: 25%

9. Minimum Floor Area (Square Feet)

Minimum Floor Area:

Maximum Height of Principal Buildings

10. Stories:

2 ½

11. Feet:

35

Minimum Yard Dimensions (feet)

12. Front: 50 (35)

Side Yards

13. One Side Yard:

20 (10)

14. Sum of Side Yards: 40 (20)

15. Rear:

30

Accessory Buildings

16. Maximum Height (feet): 15

Minimum distance in Feet To:

17. Side Lot Line: 20 (5)

18. Rear Lot Line: 20 (10)

19. Minimum (Mandatory) Off Street Parking Space

See Article XI

20. Minimum (Mandatory) Off Street Loading Space

See Article XI

21. Signs Permitted

See Article XII

22. Other Provisions and Requirements (Supplementary regulations, prohibitions, notes, etc.)

- For multi Family dwelling, use R-3 regulations.
- Use yard dimensions shown in parenthesis if central sewage treatment provided.

OFFICIAL SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT REGULATIONS

1. **ZONING DISTRICT:** (Symbols as used on the official zoning map)

R-3 HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT

- 2. Permitted Uses (Accessory uses and essential services are included):
- 3. Conditional Uses (Permitted upon issuance of a conditional use permit by the Board of Zoning Appeals):

Home Occupation; Non Commercial Recreation; Personal Services: Offices: Essential Services

4. Planned Unit Development Uses (Not Applicable)

Minimum Lot Size (Square feet per household)

5. With on Sit Sewage Treatment 40,0006. With Group or Central Sewage Treatment: 2,700

7. Frontage Width (Feet):

With on Site Sewage Treatment: 150
With Group or Central Sewage Treatment: 80

8. Maximum Percentage of Lot to be Occupied (Principal and accessory buildings)

Maximum Percentage of Lot to be Occupied: 25%

9. Minimum Floor Area (Square feet)

Minimum Floor Area: 600

Maximum Height of Principal Buildings

10. Stories 3

11. Feet 40

Minimum Yard Dimensions (feet)

12.	Front:	25
	Side Yards	
	13. One Side Yard:	10
	14. Sum of Side Yards	25
15.	Rear	30

Accessory Buildings

16. Maximum Height (feet): 15

Minimum distance in feet to:

17. Side Lot Line 5

18. Rear Lot Line 10

19. Minimum (Mandatory)Off Street Parking Space

See Article XI

20. Minimum (Mandatory) Off Street Loading Space

See Article XI

21. Signs Permitted See Article XII

22. Other Provisions and Requirements (Supplementary regulations, prohibitions, notes, etc.)

^{*}For single family dwelling use R-1 Regulations.

OFFICIAL SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT REGULATIONS

1. **ZONING DISTRICT:** (Symbols as used on the official zoning map)

B-1 SERVICE BUSINESS DISTRICT

2. Permitted Uses (Accessory uses and essential services are included):

Veterinary animal hospital or clinic; Offices; Gasoline service stations; Shopping type retail; Eating and drinking establishment; Plant nursery; Service business; Personal services; Drive in business; Commercial recreation; Transient Lodgings; Single and multi family dwellings*; Public and Quasipublic uses.

3. Conditional Uses (Permitted upon issuance of conditional use permit by the Board of Zoning Appeals):

Public Service facility; Food processing; Wholesale & Warehousing; Transport terminals; Printing & Publishing; Essential Services;

4. Planned Unit Development uses (Not Applicable)

Minimum Lot Size (Square feet per household)

5. With on site Sewage Treatment: 40,000

6. With Group or Central Sewage Treatment: 2700

7. Frontage Width (Feet):

8. Maximum Percentage of Lot to be Occupied (Principal and accessory buildings)

Maximum percentage of lot to be Occupied: 50%

9. Minimum Floor Area (Square Feet)

Minimum floor area: None

Maximum Height of Principal Buildings

10. Stories:

3

11. Feet:

40

Minimum Yard Dimensions (feet)

12. Front: 50(30)

Side Yards

13. One Side Yard: 20 (none)

14. Sum of side Yards: 40 (none)

15. Rear: 30

-B4-

Accessory Buildings

16. Maximum Height (feet):

15

Minimum distance in feet to:

17. Side Lot Line:

10(0)

18. Rear Lot Line:

10 (0)

19. Minimum (Mandatory) Off Street Parking Space

See Article XI

20. Minimum (Mandatory) Off Street Loading Space

See Article XI

21. Signs Permitted

See Article XII

22. Other Provisions and Requirements (Supplementary Regulations, prohibitions, notes, etc.)

*For residential refer to appropriate "R" District regulations. Use yard dimensions shown in parenthesis if central sewage treatment is provided.

OFFICIAL SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT REGULATIONS

1. ZONING DISTRICT; (Symbols as used on the official zoning map)

M-2 Heavy Manufacturing District

2. Permitted Uses (Accessory uses and essential services are included):

Light & Heavy manufacturing and directly related offices and retail sales,; Service business; Offices; Supply yards; Wholesale a& Warehousing; Transport terminals; Public and Quasipublic uses; Printing & Publishing.

3. Conditional Uses (Permitted upon issuance of conditional use permit by the Board of Zoning Appeals):

Food Processing; Commercial livestock yards; Public Service facility; Essential Services; Single family dwellings*; Mineral extraction.

Minimum Lot Size (Square feet per household)

5. With on site Sewage Treatment:

80.000

6. With Group or Central Sewage Treatment:

40,000

7. Frontage Width (Feet):

200

with Group or Central Sewage Treatment:

150

8. Maximum Percentage of Lot to be Occupied (Principal and accessory buildings)

Maximum Percentage of Lot to be Occupied:

50%

9. Minimum Floor Area (Square Feet)

Minimum floor Area:

None

Maximum Height of Principal Buildings

10. Stories:

3

11. Feet:

40

Minimum Yard Dimensions (feet):

12. Front: 80

Side Yards:

13. One Side Yard:

25**

14. Sum of Side Yards:

50**

15. Rear:

40

Accessory Buildings

16. Maximum Height (feet): 25 Minimum distance in Feet To:

17. Side Lot Line:

10

18. Rear Lot Line:

20

19. Minimum (Mandatory) Off Street Parking Space

See Article XI

20. Minimum (Mandatory) Off Street Loading Space

See Article XI

21. Signs Permitted

See Article XII

- 22. Other Provisions and Requirements (Supplementary regulations, prohibitions, notes, etc).
 - *For residential, use R-1 District Regulations
 - ** Non-residential use cannot be conducted closer than 40 feet from any residential structure.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THIS IS THE OFFICIAL SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT REGULATIONS AS REFERED TO IN ARTICLE IX OF THE ZONING RESOLUTION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF LAKE, LOGAN COUNTY, OHIO.

Chairman Board of Township Prostees

ttest: Clerk Board of Trustees

December 5, 1998

Date Amended

Date Adopted: April 5, 1983